

(A) ☒ (C) (D)

1. Which of the following Humanitarian Intervention stands for?

- A. It justifies the use of force and breach of sovereignty based on human security grounds
- B. It argues that human security does not exist
- C. It argues that national security does not exist
- D. It does not recognise human security

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2. The organisation which provides long term humanitarian and development assistance to children and mothers in developing countries is

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|-----------|---------------|
| A. UNESCO | B. World Bank |
| C. UNICEF | D. UNHCR |

3. Magna Carta is associated with

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|------------|------------|
| A. Britain | B. France |
| C. Italy | D. Germany |

4. 'Parliamentary supremacy' is a definite feature of the political system in:

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|-----------|--------------|
| A. U.K. | B. India |
| C. Canada | D. Australia |

5. Which of the following international organisation is part of the Bretton Woods system?

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- A. Group of 77 countries (G77)
- B. The World Trade Organization (WTO)
- C. International Monetary Fund (IMF)
- D. Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)

6. Which one of the following theorists is associated with the "Dependency School"?

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|-----------------------|----------------------|
| A. Robert Keohone | B. Kenneth Waltz |
| C. Andre Gunder Frank | D. Samuel Huntington |

7. The Bill of Rights was ratified in

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| A. 1648 | B. 1721 |
| C. 1791 | D. 1815 |

8. The Islamic revolution in Iran took place in:

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|---------|---------|
| A. 1979 | B. 1920 |
| C. 1945 | D. 2000 |

9. In Marxist thought, the Concept of Hegemony is closely associated with whom among the following?

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|---------------------|-------------------|
| A. Friedrich Engels | B. Rosa Luxemburg |
| C. Antonio Gramsci | D. Mao Tse-Tung |

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10. Indian Federalism closely resembles:

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|--------------|------------|
| A. U.S.A | B. Canada |
| C. Australia | D. Nigeria |

11. Which of the following options is not incorporated as Sustainable Development parameters:

- A. Gender disparity and diversity
- B. Inter and intra-generational equity
- C. Carrying capacity
- D. None of the above

12. Which organisation is primarily responsible for assisting world refugees?

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| A. UNDP | B. USAID |
| C. OHCHR | D. UNHCR |

13. Who is the author of the book *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*?

A. Bipan Chandra

B. A.R. Desai

C. R. C. Majumdar

D. K. N. Panikkar

14. Malacca Strait is a maritime choke point, which connects the Indian Ocean with

A. Pacific Ocean

B. Atlantic Ocean

C. Arabian Sea

D. Park Strait

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15. Non-State actors refers to

A. Private financial institutions

B. Armed resistance groups

C. Non-governmental organisations

D. All of the above

16. Which one of the following principles, did Fascism not subscribe to?

A. Corporatist understanding of society

B. Racial superiority ‡

C. Dictatorship of the proletariat

D. Obedience and discipline

17. The core assumption of the Neo-Realists is:

- A. The structure of the system is a major determinant of actor behaviour
- B. States are rational actors
- C. The most critical problem presented by anarchy is survival
- D. All of the above

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18. Which of the following countries does not share land borders with other sovereign states?

- A. Japan
- B. Maldives
- C. Bahrain
- D. All of the above

19. Who among the following has rejected the notion of a 'Third World' , claiming that there is only one world connected by a complex network of economic exchange relationships - a world economy?

- A. Immanuel Wallerstein
- B. Andre Gunder Frank
- C. Samir Amin
- D. Paul Baran

20. In which country is Africa's highest mountain Mt. Kilimanjaro located?

- A. Tanzania
- B. Kenya
- C. Egypt
- D. Ethiopia

21. Which one among the following is regarded as a civil right?

- A. Right to public employment
- B. Freedom of speech and expression
- C. Right to elect and to be elected
- D. Right to property

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22. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) was established in

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| A. 1929 | B. 1938 |
| C. 1944 | D. 1946 |

23. Globalisation refers to

- A. Interconnectedness
- B. Spread of capital
- C. Spread of technology and ideas
- D. All of the above

24. The theory of Natural Selection was given by

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|------------------|----------------------|
| A. Adam Smith | B. Charles Darwin |
| C. Louis Pasteur | D. Madam Marie Curie |

25. Which one of the following approaches does not give importance to the role of the State as an actor?

- A. Dependency Model
- B. Realist Model
- C. Neo-realist Model
- D. Interdependence pluralist Model

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26. Read the following passage and choose the statement that best summarises it.

Thirty years after African colonies began emerging as nations, modern loyalties still often go first to the tribe. From Angola to Ethiopia, ethnic hatred has forced hundreds of thousands of people to flee their homes, making Africa the continent with the world's largest number of refugees.

- A. Africa is best characterised by ethnic fractionalisation.
- B. Angola and Ethiopia have the worst record of inter-ethnic strife in Africa.
- C. Continued warfare has made Africa a continent of refugees.
- D. None of the above.

27. The first and second Atom bombs were dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki on:

- A. 6th and 9th August 1945 respectively
- B. 9th August and 24th October 1945 respectively
- C. 6th June 1945 and 15th August 1947 respectively
- D. 31st December 1944 and 1st January 1945 respectively

28. Which country amongst the following does not have a common border with Afghanistan?

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|-----------------|---------------|
| A. Tajikistan | B. Uzbekistan |
| C. Turkmenistan | D. Kazakhstan |

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29. The Berlin wall fell in

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| A. 1987 | B. 1989 |
| C. 1991 | D. 2000 |

30. Which of the following is responsible for reducing global CFC production by half?

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|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| A. Copenhagen Protocol | B. Montreal Protocol |
| C. Pollution Prevention Act | D. None of the above |

31. The name of the ruling dynasty of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is:

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|---------------|-------------|
| A. Al Sabah | B. Al Saud |
| C. Al Mubarak | D. Al Thani |

32. What amongst the following is the main thrust of Neo-liberalism?
- A. To place market efficiencies as foundation for political freedom and to argue for a limited role for the State
 - B. Commitment to an autonomous attitude to State, Society and Individual
 - C. To accord priority to the will of the majority
 - D. To extend power of a State beyond its borders
33. The Chipko Movement, which drew strength from the Sarvodaya Movement, in its different phases, was mainly which one of the following?
- A. A celebrated environmental movement
 - B. Successful commercial forestry in certain catchments
 - C. Movement to prevent the loss of land
 - D. Movement to retain underground water table
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34. Which country was swept by the 'Arab Spring'?
- A. South Africa
 - B. Gambia
 - C. Egypt
 - D. Namibia
35. Europe is separated from Asia by
- A. Caucasus Mountains
 - B. Volga River
 - C. Black Sea
 - D. Ural Mountains

36. "Structural adjustment programmes" are a significant part of policies of the
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| A. IMF | B. WTO |
| C. GATT | D. UNDP |

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37. Demography is the study of
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|-------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Democracy | B. Human population |
| C. Human behavior | D. Economic development |
38. Which of the following events led to the establishment of the Fifth Republic in France?
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|-------------------------|-----------------|
| A. Algerian crisis | B. Suez crisis |
| C. Cuban Missile crisis | D. Macau crisis |
39. Strategy for reducing future Climate Change is called:
- | | |
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| A. Geo-engineering | B. Mitigation |
| C. Adaptation | D. All of the above |
40. In which of the following regions of Africa are the "Maghreb states" located?
- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| A. Central Africa | B. Northern Africa |
| C. Western Africa | D. Southern Africa |