17P/202/26

Question Booklet No.....

25	, <u> </u>		
(7	To be filled up by the candidate	e by blue/black ball-	point pen)
Roll No.			
Roll No. (Write the digits in wor	ds)	2017	
	swer Sheet		
Day and Date		(	(Signature of Invigilator)
			Signature of Invigilator)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that
  it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty
  Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a
  fresh Question Booklet.
- Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and also Roll No. and OMR Sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
- Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.
- For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).
- For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
- 12. Deposit only the OMR Answer Sheet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

[ उपर्युक्त निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं]

[No. of Printed Pages: 20+2

## 17P/202/26 Set No. 1

## No. of Questions: 120

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 360

Note:

- (1) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries 3 marks.
  One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question.
- (2) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.
- 1. An expenditure on education, public health, social insurance, etc., by the Government is which type of public expenditure?
  - (1) Defence expenditure
- (2) Civil expenditure
- (3) Economic expenditure
- (4) Social expenditure
- 2. National income ordinarily means
  - (1) Gross National Product (GNP) at market price
  - (2) Net National Product (NNP) at market price
  - (3) GNP at factor cost
  - (4) NNP at factor cost

3.	Inflationary process in which p the Government is called	rices are permitted to	rise without any control by
	(1) open inflation	(2) suppress	ed inflation
	(3) mark-up inflation	(4) stagflatio	n -
4.	Consumer Price Index for Agr	icultural Labour (CF	YI-AL) is compiled by
	(1) Central Statistical Office (	CSO)	
	(2) Labour Bureau (LB)	8	
	(3) National Sample Survey O	ffice (NSSO)	
	(4) Economic Advisor, Ministr	y of Commerce (EA)	
5.	The point of inflection in class	sical production fun	ction lies at a point where
	(1) Marginal Physical Product	(MPP) is maximum	
	(2) Average Physical Product (	(APP) is maximum	
	(3) $MPP = APP$		
	(4) $MPP = 0$		
6.	The value of income elasticity	of demand $(\eta_i)$ for	necessary commodity is
197	(1) $\eta_i > 1$ (2) $0 < \eta_i <$	$1   (3)   \eta_i = 0$	(4) $\eta_i < 0$
7.	Under distress sale, what is the surpluses for a farmer?	e relationship betwee	en marketed and marketable
	(1) Marketed surplus = 0		
	(2) Marketed surplus = Market	etable surplus	
	(3) Marketed surplus > Market	etable surplus	
	(4) Marketed surplus < Market	etable surplus	
(3)		2	16

- 8. A monopolistic competition is the market structure where
  - (1) there are large number of sellers selling identical products
  - (2) there are large number of sellers selling differentiated products but close substitutes
  - (3) there is only one seller of the products
  - (4) there is only one buyer of the products
- 9. Which one of the following is not among 3R's of credit to test the economic feasibility?
  - (1) Returns from the investment
- (2) Repayment capacity

(3) Rate of interest

- (4) Risk bearing ability
- 10. Marginal Cost (MC) is equal to
  - (1) the ratio of Total Cost (TC) and total output (Y)
  - (2) the ratio of change in Total Cost ( $\Delta$ TC) and change in total output ( $\Delta$ Y)
  - (3) the ratio of change in Total Cost ( $\Delta TC$ ) and change in total input ( $\Delta X$ )
  - (4) the ratio of Total Cost (TC) and total input (X)
- 11. An indifference curve shows the
  - (1) various combination of two commodities yielding same level of satisfaction
  - (2) various combination of two commodities yielding same level of cost
  - (3) various combination of two commodities yielding decreasing satisfaction
  - (4) various combination of two commodities yielding decreasing cost

		9				
12.	A statement of as	sets and liabilities	of a	farm at a poi	nt o	f time is called
	(1) Income State	ment	(2)	Balance Sheet		
	(3) Farm Budgetin	ng	(4)	Cash Flow Sta	item	ent
13.	For maintenance	of soil fertility, app	propi	riate cropping	syste	em is
	(1) monoculture		(2)	multiple cropp	oing	
	(3) mixed croppin	g	(4)	crop rotation		
14.	Which one of the	following is day n	eutra	al plant?		
	(1) Sunflower	(2) Safflower	(3)	Mustard	(4)	Linseed
15.	Most suitable cere	eal crop for pH rai	nge '	4·0-6·0 is		
	(1) barley	(2) rice	(3)	maize	(4)	wheat
16.	Indicate the term	not related with p	otat	o crop		
	(1) bulking	(2) tuberization	(3)	silking	(4)	suberization
17.	Deficiency sympto	ms of which nutrie	nt el	ement appears	in te	erminal buds of the
	(1) Boron	(2) Copper	(3)	Iron	(4)	Zinc
18.	In general best n	nethod of fertilizer	appl	ication in ceres	al cr	rops is
	(1) broadcast		(2)	broadcast and	d in	corporation
	(3) band placeme	ent	(4)	point placeme	ent	
(3)		4	1			

19.	Excess amount of deficiency in plan		ollowing	nutrients in	soil ca	uses iron a	and zinc
	(1) Nitrogen	(2) Phosphore	us (3)	Potassium	(4)	Calcium	
						•	
20.	Consumptive use	of water refere	s to				
	(1) Evaporation (1	E)	5	ř			
	(2) Transpiration	(T)					
	(3) Evaporation (	E)+ Transpirat	ion (ET)				
	(4) ET + Metaboli	ic needs					
21.	For good yield, in	most crops in	rigation	is must at			
	(1) seedling stage	:	(2)	grand grow	th sta	ge	
	(3) flowering stag	ge	(4)	ripening st	age		
22.	Suitable herbicide	e for weed con	trol in p	ulse crops i	S		
	(1) isoproturon	(2) 2, <del>4</del> D	(3)	atrazi <u>ne</u>	(4)	pendimet	halin
23.	Which one of the	following is n	ot grass	y weed?			
	(1) Eleusine indic	xa.	(2)	Digera arve	ensis	*	
	(3) Digitaria sang	uinalis	(4)	Chloris bar	bata		
24.	Convolvulus arver	nsis weed is cl	assified :	<b>23</b> '			
	(1) perennial her	baccous	(2)	perennial v	voody		
	(3) biennial		(4)	annual			8
(3)		¥ 8	5				(P.T.O.)

25.	It refers to the informal education neighbours, friends and peers	n that a child receives from his family
	(1) acculturation	(2) assimilation
	(3) socialization	(4) social diffusion
26.	The first KVK was established in	
	(1) Delhi (2) Bengaluru	(3) Pune (4) Puducherry
27.	"Learning is strengthened, when satisfaction to the learner." is	the learning experience is followed by
	(1) law of readiness	(2) law of effect
	(3) law of exercise	(4) law of belonging
28.	To show relative worth of a new pract best suited is	tice over an old one, the extension method
	(1) method demonstration	(2) group discussion
	(3) campaign	(4) result demonstration
29.	ATMA operates at	
	(1) Block level (2) District level	(3) State level (4) National level
30.	The spread of mobile phones usage in	a social system relates to the concept of
	(1) diffusion (2) teaching	(3) learning (4) adoption
(3)	. 6	

31.	Tendency of the p	eople to think of t	heir	culture as bes	t is	known as
	(1) egoism		(2)	ethnocentrism		
	(3) cultural relati	vism	(4)	illusory superi	ority	1
32.	Any relatively permand experience	nanent change in be	ehav	iour that occurs	as	a result of practice
	(1) attention	(2) learning	(3)	perceiving	(4)	teaching
33.	Community Devel	opment Programme	e wa	s started in the	е уе	ar
	(1) 1952	(2) 1985	(3)	1945	(4)	1955
34.	The word 'extensi	on is derived from	wh	ich of the follow	wing	languages?
	(1) French	(2) Latin	(3)	Greek	(4)	Spanish
35.	Communication is	s a				
	(1) method	(2) system	(3)	technique	<del>(4</del> )	process
36.	This State becam Panchayati Raj In	e the 1st State to	res	erve 50% of se	ats	for women in the
	(1) Madhya Prade	sh	(2)	Rajasthan		i i
	(3) Bihar		(4)	Himachal Prac	lesh	
37.	International Flow	er Market is situat	ted a	at		
	(1) Germany	(2) Netherlands	(3)	Columbia	(4)	Switzerland
(3)		7				/D T C :
					200	(P.T.O.)

38.	Dahlia is propaga	ted through				
	(1) corms	(2) rhizome	(3)	tubers	(4)	seeds
39.	Which is the mos	st commonly used	roo	tstock for rose	рго	pagation in North
	(1) R. indica var,	odorata	(2)	R. multiflora		
	(3) R. centifolia		(4)	R. moschata		
40.	Tuberose belongs	to the family				
	(1) Convolvulacea	e	(2)	Amaryllidaceae	•	
	(3) Compositae		(4)	Iridaceae		
41.	Rock garden is si	tuated at				
	(1) Bengaluru	(2) Hyderabad	(3)	Chandigarh	(4)	Saharanpur
42.	Indian shot is the	name given to the	e se	eds of		
	(1) canna	(2) rose	(3)	tulip	(4)	gladiolus
43.	Sugar percent in	jelly should be				
	(1) 50-55%	(2) 60-65%	(3)	65-70%	(4)	70-75%
44.	Modified stem of	banana is called		14		
		(2) rhizome	(3)	water sucker	(4)	corm

45.	Pointed gourd is 1	propagated by				
	(1) root cutting	(2) stem cutting	(3)	seed	(4)	None of these
46.	Amrapali is a cros	ss between				
	(1) Neelam × Dasi	heri	(2)	Dasheri × Nee	lam	
	(3) Ratna × Alpho	nso	(4)	Dasheri × Alpi	hons	90
47.	Guava fruit is bot	anically known as				
	(1) drupe	(2) hesperidium	(3)	berry	(4)	pome
48.	Mango inflorescen	ce contains which	type	e of flowers?		
	(1) Male and herm	naphrodite	(2)	Male and fem	ale.	d
	(3) Male and neur	ral	(4)	Female and h	erma	aphrodite
49.	Casein is manufac	ctured from				
	(1) corn	(2) rice	(3)	milk	(4)	wheat
50.	The greenish color	of chhana whey i	s du	c to the prese	nce	of
	(1) carotene			(1388)		
51.	Which one of the	following milk cont	ains	. maximum see	·	+ -£1
		(2) Buffalo				# S
	26 SI		3×1		(7)	numan
(3)		9				(P.T.O.)

(3)

52.	The milk-solid	s-not-fat in skim m	ilk should not be	less than	
	(1) 8.25%	(2) 8-5%	(3) 8.7%	(4) 9.0%	
53.	Theoretically,	the maximum overr	un in butter can l	oe .	
	(1) 20%	(2) 25%	(3) 30%	(4) 35%	
54.	For production standardized		the fat content of	fresh, sweet cream is f	īrst
	(1) 15%	(2) 20%	(3) 25%	(4) 30%	
55.	A satisfactory	temperature for sep	paration of milk is		
	(1) 30 °C	(2) 35 °C	(3) 40 °C	(4) 45 °C	
<b>56</b> .	In India, for i	ce cream manufacti	are, the widely use	ed stabilizer is	
	(1) gelatin		(2) guar gum		
	(3) carrageen	an	(4) sodium ala	ginate	
<b>57</b> .	RM value of	ghee measures the			
	(1) degree of	unsaturation			
	(2) steam volatile water soluble fatty acids				
	(3) average n	nolecular weight			
	* ***	atile water insoluble	e fatty acids		
(3)			10		

58.	. The efficiency of milk pasteurization i	s determined by			
	(1) +1.1.1.24	10			
		(2) hotis test			
	(3) Hehner test	(4) phosphatase test			
59.	During dahi production, inoculated mil	k is normally incubated at 22-25 °C for			
	(1) 10-12 hours (2) 13-15 hours (	3) 16-18 hours (4) 20-22 hours			
60.	. Which one of the following dried milk	is manufactured maximum in India?			
	(1) Ol-i '11	2) Whole milk powder			
	(3) Malted milk powder (	4) Infant milk powder			
61.	Breeding value of an individual is				
	(1) sum of average effect of genes				
	(2) difference of average effect of genes				
	(3) difference of additive and dominan				
	(4) sum of additive and dominance eff	ects of genes			
62,	If n = number of parents and s = sample required for partial diallel analysis can	size of the cross, the number of crosses be obtained by the formula			
	111 7877	) ns (4) 2ns			
63.	Joint scaling test is performed to detec	t. ··			
	(1) presence of dominance (2)	presence of non-additiveness			
	Al Presence of addition	presence of epistasis			
(3)	11				
		(P.T.O.)			

64.	Presence of reverse transcriptase wa	s discovered from AMV virus by
	(1) H. Temin and D. Baltimore	(2) H. G. Khorana
	(3) Zaenen et. al.	(4) Maxam and Gilbert
65,	Which one of the following is not no	eeded for DNA transcription?
	(1) Ribosomes (2) Nucleotides	(3) DNA (4) Enzymes
66.	If partial dominance is present at an	inhibitory locus the expected phenotypic
	(1) 13:3 (2) 12:3:1	(3) 9:6:1 (4) 7:6:3
67.	The most effective mutagen for cyto	plasmic genes is
	(1) ethidium bromide	(2) EMS
	(3) MMS	(4) sodium azide
68.	For exploitation of both additi- cross-pollinated crops, the most eff	
	(1) simple recurrent selection	(2) recurrent selection for SCA
	(3) recurrent selection for GCA	(4) reciprocal recurrent selection
69.	Inbred lines can be improved by	
	(1) transgressive breeding	(2) mutation breeding
	(3) back cross method	(4) All of these

(P.T.O.)

70.	The scientists who demonstrated sexuality in bacteria		
	(1) Leeuwenhoek and Kola	(2) Lederberg and Tatum	
	(3) Kircher and Koch	(4) Louis Pasteur and Nicholas	
71.	As compared to main bacterial	chromosome, the size of an episome	is
	(1) 1/10 (2) 1/20	(3) 1/30 (4) 1/40	
72.	The term mutation breeding wa	as given by	
	(1) Hugo de Vries	(2) Jones	
	(3) Muller	(4) Nilsson-Ehie	
73.	The process involved in water	loss from the leaf surface is called	
	(1) evaporation	(2) evapotranspiration	
	(3) guttation	(4) transpiration	
74.	The color pigment involved in t	lowering in plant is	
	(1) chlorophyll	(2) anthocyanin	
	(3) cytochrome	(4) phytochrome	
75.	Which one of the following plan	its is very efficient in photosynthesis?	
	(1) Wheat (2) Sorghum	(3) Amaranthus (4) Cicer	
(3)	*	10	
(3)		13	/Dm o

76.	Deficiency of which	ch element causes	Khair	a disease in r	ice?
	(1) Ca	(2) Mg	(3) 1	В	(4) Zn
77.	Identify the plant	hormone involved	in in	itiation of root	ting in cuttings
	(1) cycocel	(2) TIBA	(3)	2,4-D	(4) IBA
78.	Which one of the	following is an an	nino a	acid?	
	(1) Phytic acid		(2)	Glutamic acid	
	(3) Abscisic acid		(4)	Gibberellic aci	id
<b>79</b> .	The conversion of	sugar to pyruvic	acid i	s called	
	(1) hydrolysis	(2) glycolysis	(3)	phytolysis	(4) cyclosis
80.	The first product	of photosynthesis	in C <sub>3</sub>	plant is	
	(1) sucrose		(2)	oxaloacetate	
	(3) glycerol		(4)	phosphoglycer	ic acid
81.	Hydrolysis of fat	is catalyzed by			
	(1) hydrolase	(2) catalase	(3)	lipase	(4) amylase
82.	Which one of the	following is also l	knowr	n as Diffusion	Pressure Deficit?
	(1) Osmotic press	sure	(2)	Wall pressure	n
	(3) Suction press	sure	(4)	Turgor pressu	are

83.	Which element is	related to nitroge	n fixation in legum	inous plants?
	(1) Ca	(2) Mo	(3) B	(4) Cd
84.	Which hormone o	auses leaf senesce	ence and ageing?	
82	(1) BA	(2) ABA	(3) GA	(4) IAA
85.	Indian Type Culti	ire Collection (ITC	C) is a collection of	•
	(1) bacteria	(2) algae	(3) fungi	(4) viruses
86.	The term necrosis	indicates	•	
	(1) curling	(2) death of cells	(3) blighting	(4) mosaic
87.	The bacterial cell	wall is made of	1000	
	(1) pectin		(2) muramic acid	
â	(3) chitin	* **	(4) cellulose	
88.	Needham is associ	ated with studies	on .	
	(1) seed pathology	.53	(2) epidemiology	
	(3) nematodes		(4) systemic acquir	red resistance
89.	The mungbean yell	ow mosaic virus is	s transmitted by	
	(1) whiteflies	2) sap	(3) seeds	4) All of the above
(3)		, 15		- T. E. L. W.
		8	9.23	(P.T.O.)

90.	The Koch's postulates is essential to	establish			
	(1) resistance	(2) pathogenicity			
	(3) susceptibility	(4) hypersensitivity			
91.	Which one of the following is a total stem parasite?				
	(1) Loranthus (2) Cuscuta	(3) Orobanche (4) Striga			
92.	The black heart of potato is caused	due to			
	(1) frost injury	(2) high light intensity			
	(3) lack of oxygen	(4) calcium deficiency			
93.	Ear cockle disease of wheat is caused by				
	(1) Anguina tritici	(2) Meloidogyne incognita			
	(3) Meloidogyne Javanica	(4) All of these			
94.	Black leg disease of potato is cause	d by			
	(1) fungus (2) bacteria	(3) virus (4) nematode			
95.	Which type of disease cannot be m	anage by quarantine?			
	(1) Seed borne	(2) Soil borne			
	(3) Air borne	(4) All of these			
	_				
320	1	6			

(P.T.O.)

96.	Toxin pyricularin	is produced by			
	(1) fungus	(2) bacteria	(3) virus	(4) nemato	de
97.	The branch of So description is ca	oil Science which lled as	deals with orig	in of soil, its classific	ation and
	(1) Petrology	(2) Edapholog	y (3) Geolog	y (4) Pedolog	У
98.	Relative proportion	on of sand, silt	and clay in soi	l is called	
	(1) soil structure	•	(2) soil ho	rizon	
	(3) soil profile		(4) soil te	ture	
99.	Resistance block	s give reasonably	good moistur	e reading in the rar	ige of
	(1) 0 to 0.8 bar	potential	(2) -1 to	- 15 bar potential	93
	(3) 0 to - 15 bar	potential	(4) -1 to	0-8 bar potential	
100.	Top growth of plantate remains about	ants is normally	satisfactory as	long as the oxygen	díffusion
	(1) 20×10 <sup>-8</sup> g/cz	m²/minute	(2) 30-40×	10 <sup>-8</sup> g/cm <sup>2</sup> /minute	
	(3) 10-20×10 <sup>-8</sup> g	g/cm²/minute	(4) 20-80 ×	10 <sup>-8</sup> g/cm <sup>2</sup> /minute	<u>0</u>
101.	Negative charges	on organic collo	ids originates (	due to presence of	
	(1) ketone and al			and phenolic grou	ıno
	(3) exposed cryst	al odges		hrous substitution	iho
(3)		2 2	17	40	
3-1		-	<i>.</i>		PTO

102.	Which one of the following is 1:1 typ	e clay mineral?
	(1) Vermiculite (2) Illite	(3) Nacrite (4) Saponite
103.	Measurement of pH of a soil indicate	es
	(1) total acidity	(2) active acidity
	(3) residual acidity	(4) salt-replaceable acidity
104.	The favourable climate for the opera	tion of podzolization process is
	(1) warm humid climate	(2) cold humid climate
	(3) arid climate	(4) semi-arid climate
105	102f 2020'0	
105.	1.00 (2) 101 (2)	(2) soil forming processes
	(1) soil forming factors	(2) Soil forming processes
	(3) measurable soil properties	(4) climate
106.	Biofertilizers are	<i>₽</i>
	(1) organic manure	(2) culture of the microorganisms
	(3) green manures	(4) mineral fertilizers
	C/N ratio of a normal cultivated so	il ranged between
107.	TO DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY	
	(1) 6 to 8 (2) 14 to 16	(3) 10 to 12 (4) 18 to 20
108.	The 'Khaira disease' of rice is caus micronutrient	sed due to the deficiency of the following
	(1) Boron (2) Zinc	(3) Molybdenum (4) Nickel
		8
(3)	•	

	200	
109.	Which one of the following is the la	rgest class in the phylum Arthropoda?
	(1) Arachnida (2) Crustacea	
110.	Gravid females of Drosicha Mangifer	ae lay eggs
	(1) on under surface of leaf	(2) on tender shoots
	(3) under soil clods	(4) on immature fruits
111.	Use trap crops for managing an inmethod of	nsect, pest population comes under the
	(1) physical control	(2) cultural control
	(3) mechanical control	(4) autocidal control
112.	Mustard saw fly belongs to the orde	er -
	(1) Diptera (2) Dictyoptera	(3) Hymenoptera (4) Neuroptera
113.	'Bunchy tops' in sugarcane are caus	sed by
	(1) root borer (2) shoot borer	(3) stalk borer (4) top borer
114.	Polymorphism is found in	
	(1) rice gundhi bug	(2) sugarcane leaf hopper
	(3) mustard aphid	(4) mango fruit files
115.	Number of generations of white grub	in a year is
	(1) one	(4) four
(3)	19	1.7 1041
		(P.T.O.)

116.	Eruciform larvae are common in caterpillars belonging to order				
	(1) Lepidoptera (2) Diptera	(3)	Coleoptera	(4)	Isoptera
117.	Many insects undergo hibernation in	res	sponse to		
	(1) high temperature	(2)	low temperatu	re	
	(3) darkness	(4)	high humidity		
118.	Which one of the following is an ins	ecti	cide of microbia	al or	rigin?
	(1) Cartap (2) Spinosad				Imidacloprid
119.	Asymmetrical mouth parts are found	d in			
	(1) thrips (2) termites		weevils	(4)	mites
120.	Which one of the following is insect	ivor	ous in nature?		
	(1) Callosobruchus Chinensis	(2)	Trogoderma G	irana	arium
	(3) Coccinella Septempunctata	(4)	Rhyzopertha l	Dom	inica
	**	*	**		



## अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली या काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- 1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- 3. उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे भ तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा, केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मृल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवश्ण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखिं।
- 5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ॰ एम॰ आर॰ पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुरितका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुरितका पर अनुक्रमांक सं॰ और ओ॰ एम॰ आर॰ पत्र सं॰ की प्रविष्टियों में उपिरलेखन की अनुमित नहीं है।
- 7. उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपको उत्तर-एत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाड़ा करना है।
- 9. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाड़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. रफ़ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के पुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
- 13. परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमित नहीं होगी।
- यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।