M.Sc Brochemistry code No (487)

16P/210/4

Question Booklet No.....

		(To	be fi	lled up i	by the c	andid	ate by b	lue/b	lack	ball-point pen)
Roll No.										
Roll No. (Write the digits in words)										
Serial No. of OMR Answer Sheet										
Day and Date						(Signature of Invigilator)				

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- 1. Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that it contains all the pages in correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fresh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided. Only the Answer Sheet will be evaluated.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and also Roll No. and OMR Sheet No. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet.
- 9. For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
- 12. Deposit only the OMR Answer Sheet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

| उपर्युक्त निर्देश हिन्दी में अन्तिम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं।



No. of Questions: 150

Ime	: 2 Hours						Full Marks: 450
Note	: (1)	One ma	rk will	be dedu	ions as yo cted for ea tempted o	ich incorrect ar	nestion carries 3 marks. Iswer. Zero mark will be
	(2)	If more correct a	than o	ne alter , choose	native an the close	swers seem to st one.	be approximate to the
1.	Which of	the follo	owing 1	nas high	est redox	r potential in t	the respiratory chain?
	(1) Ubiq	uinone	(2) F	AD	(3)	NAD⁺	(4) O ₂
2.	Pyrimidir	nes are al	so four	nd in wh	ich of the	following apart	from nucleic acids?
	(1) Theor	phylline	2) N	A D⁺	(3)	Theobromine	(4) Thiamine
3.	Which of	the follo	wing i	s not a	macromo	lecule compose	ed of many subunits?
	(1) Protect	ome			(2)	Proteins	or many subunits?
	(3) Polysa	accharide	s		(4)	ALA	
178)					1		
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4.	S-Adenosylmethion	line is required for	the synthesis of	
	(1) bile salts	(2) melanin	(3) epinephrine	(4) serotonin
5.	Puromycin inhibits	translation by		
	(1) causing misrea	ding of mRNA		
	(2) acting as tyros	yl tRNA analogue		
	(3) preventing bin	ding of aa-tRNA to	A site	
	(4) None of the ab	oove		
6.	Richest source of	linoleic acid is		15
٠.	8.		(3) safflower oil	(4) corn oil
7.	Maximum content	of endogenous tri	acylglycerols is see	en in
	(1) chylomicrons	(2) VLDL	(3) LDL	(4) HDL
8.	Kynurenine is for	med from		
	(1) glycine	(2) tryptophan	(3) tyrosine	(4) phenylalanine
9.	Enzyme activity n	neasured in beribe	ri is	
	(1) carboxylase	(2) transaminase	(3) deaminase	(4) transketolase
10.	Insulin inhibits a	ll of the following	enzymes, except	
10.	(1) glucose 6-pho		(2) pyruvate car	boxylase
	(3) phosphofruct	okinase	(4) fructose 1,6-	bisphosphatase
			2	
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11.	 Golgi body is involved in 						
	(1) protein synthesis (2	drug metabolism					
	(2) mastein	protein degradation					
12.	2. Which of the following is also known a	s cane sugar?					
	(1) Channel (0) =	Maltose (4) Sucrose					
13.	3. Which of the following sugar is utilizes	by spermatozog in seminal fluida					
	(1) Change (0) =	Sucrose (4) Mannose					
14.	1. Rancidity of butter is prevented by the	addition of					
	(1) vitamin A (2) vitamin D (3)						
15.	5. Phospholipids are important cellular components because						
		(1) they have both polar and non-polar groups					
	(2) they have glycerol						
	(3) they can form bilayers in water						
	(4) they combine covalently with protein	ıs					
16.	. The repeating disaccharide unit in cellu	lose is					
	(1) dextrin (2) dextrose (3)	maltose (4) cellobiose					
17.	The triglycerides present in plasma lipop	roteins are hydrol					
	(2) 1: 1 ::	lipoprotein lipase					
(178)	(*)	adipokinetic lipase					
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		(P /))					

18.	Prostaglandin syn	thesis is increased	by	activating phos	pho	lipases by
	(1) indomethacin		(2)	glucocorticoids	3	120
	(3) aspirin	g U	(4)	angiotensin II		
19.	The phosphoprote	in present in milk	is			
	(1) avidin	(2) casein	(3)	ovalbumin	(4)	ovoglobulin
20.	Glutathione is a					
	(1) dipeptide	(2) tripeptide	(3)	oligopeptide	(4)	polypeptide
21.	The protein prese	nt in hair is				
	(1) keratin	(2) elastin	(3)	prolamine	(4)	gliadin
22.	Which of the follo	wing is not an ess	senti	al fatty acid?		10
	(1) Oleic acid		(2)	Linoleic acid		
	(3) Linolenic acid		(4)	Arachiclonic a	acid	
23.	Enoyl-CoA isomer	rase is needed for	the	complete β-oxid	latio	n of
	(1) unsaturated f	atty acids with tra	ns d	louble bonds		
	(2) saturated fatt	y acids				
	(3) odd chain fat	ty acids				
	(4) unsaturated	fatty acids with cis	s do	uble bonds		

24.	Which of the following is true for all transposons?						
	(1) They confer resistance to antibiotics						
•	(2) They create a double-stranded break in the donor DNA after moving to new site						
	(3) They encode transposases						
•	(4) They have terminal repeats that are homologous to sequences on their target site						
25.	Serpentine receptors						
	(1) are located on the plasma membrane						
	(2) act in the nucleus						
	(3) are ion channels						
	(4) have single transmembrane domain						
26.	26. Maximum damage to DNA is caused by						
	(1) α -rays (2) β -rays (3) UV rays (4) γ -rays						
27 .	Mechanism of action of orlistat is						
	(1) stimulation of BMR						
	(2) inhibition of gastric and pancreatic lipase						
	(3) inhibition of appetite centre						
	(4) inducing satiety						
28.	8. Sakaguchi test is used for the detection of						
(170)	(1) tyrosine (2) proline (3) arginine (4) histidine						
(178)	5						
	(P.T.O.)						

29.	Cutaneous hypersensitivity is not a feature of						
	(1) variegate porphyria			(2) congenital erythropoietic porphyria			
	(3) hereditary coproporphyria			acute intermit	tent	porphyria	
30.	Fructosamine is fo	rmed by non-enzy	mat	ic glycosylation	of		
	(1) albumin	(2) haemoglobin	(3)	myoglobin	(4)	immunoglobulins	
31.	Highest percentage	e of modified base	s ar	are present in			
	(1) mRNA	(2) tRNA	(3)	snRNA	(4)	rRNA	
32.	Citrate buffer inhi	bits glycolysis by	inhil	oiting			
	(1) phosphofructol			enolase			
	(3) pyruvate kinas		(4)	phosphoglycer	ate	kinase	
33.	In gene cloning la	rgest fragment ca	n be	incorporated i	n	æ	
	(1) bacteriophage	a.,	(2)	cosmid			
	(3) plasmid		(4)	retrovirus			
	loidy is due	: to					
34.	Aneuploidy is due		(2)	translocation			
	(1) insertion(3) non-disjunction	on at meiosis	(4	deletion			
		iological membran	nes i	nclude all, exce	ept		
35.			100	triacylglycero	ls		
	(1) phospholipids		1947				
	(3) cholesterol		(4	t) glycolipids			
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36.	Glycosaminoglycan responsible for maintenance of corneal transparency is					
	(1) keratan sulfate	(2) chondroitin sulphate				
	(3) heparin	(4) hyaluronic acid				
37.	Fatty acid accumulated in Refsum's	disease is				
	(1) stearic acid	(2) phytanic acid				
	(3) arachidonic acid	(4) linoleic acid				
38.	Phospholipid involved in blood clotting	ng is				
	(1) plasmalogen	(2) lecithin				
9	(3) cephalin	(4) None of the above				
39.	Hyperextensibility of skin and joints	is seen in				
	(1) Pendred syndrome	(2) Lesch-Nyhan syndrome				
	(3) Osteogenesis imperfecta	(4) Ehlers-Danlos syndrome				
40.	Amino acid sequence in a protein is	determined by				
Ð	(1) Biuret reagent	(2) Edman's reagent				
	(3) Seliwanoff's reagent	(4) Barfoed's reagent				
41.	Sticky foot structures are					
	(1) N-linked glycoproteins	(2) GPI-linked glycoproteins				
	(3) O-linked glycoproteins	(4) S-linked glycoproteins				
(178)	7					
		(P.T.O.)				

42.	Which of the following is the Golgi marker enzyme?				
	(1) ATP synthase	(2) Hexokinase			
	(3) Galactosyltransferase	(4) Restriction endonuclease			
43.	All of the following are channel form	ers, except			
	(1) adriamycin (2) gramicidin	(3) valinomycin (4) amelogenin			
44.	The ring structure present in proline	e is			
	(1) cyclopentanoperhydrophenanthre	ne			
	(2) imidazole				
	(3) indole	5			
	(4) pyrrolidine				
45.	Pauly's test is answered by				
	(1) cysteine	(2) histidine			
	(3) proline	(4) aromatic amino acids			
46.	Secondary structure of proteins is p	reserved by all of the following, except			
	(1) covalent bonds	(2) hydrogen bonds			
	(3) ionic bonds	(4) van der Waals forces			
	Aldehyde test is negative for				
47.	(1) haemoglobin (2) gelatin	(3) albumin (4) casein			
	8	3			
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48.	Giutamine synthetase is a	
	(1) oxidoreductase	(2) ligase
	(3) lyase	(4) hydrolase
49.	Which of the following enzyme	s requires calcium for its activity?
	(1) Lysyl oxidase	(2) Xanthine oxidase
	(3) Carbonic anhydrase	(4) Lipase
50.	Papain is a	
	(1) carboxyl protease	(2) metalloprotease
	(3) cysteine protease	(4) serine protease
51.	Competitive inhibitor of thymic	lylate synthase is
	(1) 6-mercaptopurine	(2) 5-fluorouracil.
	(3) methotrexate	(4) None of the above
52 .	Which of the following enzyme	s is active in its phosphorylated form?
	(1) Glycogen synthase	(2) Pyruvate kinase
	(3) Glycogen phosphorylase	(4) HMG-CoA reductase
53 .	The heteropolysaccharide in wh	nich uronic acid is not present is
	(1) keratan sulphate	(2) dermatan sulphate
	(3) chondroitin sulphate	(4) heparin
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54.	Molecular weight of a protein can be determined by using					
	(1) native PAGE		(2)	SDS-PAGE		
	(3) isoelectric focu	ising	(4)	dansyl chlorid	e	
55.	Which of the follo	wing glucose trans	port	ers is present	in testis?	
	(1) GLUT 1	(2) GLUT 5	(3)	GLUT 3	(4) GLUT 7	
56 .	Which of the follo	wing enzymes is n	ot r	equired for pyr	uvate dehydrogenase?	
	(1) TPP	(2) NADP	(3)	FAD	(4) None of these	
57.	Glycogen storage	disease type O occ	urs	due to deficien	acy of	
	(1) glycogen phos	phorylase	(2)	phosphofructo	kinase	
	(3) glycogen synth	nase	(4)	transglucosida	se	
58.	Pentoses in the h	uman body are ob	tain	ed from	å	
	(1) glycolysis	(2) Krebs' cycle	(3)	HMP shunt	(4) Cahill cycle	
59.	Best biomarker fo	r thyroid disorders	s is	2.4		
	(1) FT 3	(2) TSH	(3)	FT4	(4) rT3	
60.	All of the following	ng parameters are	eleva	ated in chronic	renal failure, except	
	(1) urea	(2) sodium			(4) phosphorus	
_	,	1	0		8	
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61.	Deficiency of pantothenic acid leads to				
	(1) scurvy	(2) beriberi			
	(3) burning feet syndrome	(4) rickets			
62.	Gastrectomized patient is likely to	suffer from deficiency of			
	(1) vitamin A (2) vitamin C	(3) vitamin B_1 (4) vitamin B_{12}			
63.	Active form of vitamin D is				
	(1) cholecalciferol	(2) ergosterol			
	(3) calcitriol	(4) lanosterol			
64.	Consumption of raw eggs can cause	e deficiency of			
	(1) calcium (2) lipoic acid	(3) vitamin C (4) biotin			
65.	Overlapping DNA segments are repe	eatedly cloned in .			
	(1) chromosomal walking	(2) chromosomal jumping			
	(3) FISH	(4) linkage study			
66.	What percentage of human genome	encodes proteins?			
	(1) 1–1·5% (2) 10–15%				
67.	Tyrosine residues are iodinated at w	hich positions in thyroxine?			
	(1) 1 and 3 (2) 3 and 5	(3) 5 and 7 (4) 3 and 7			
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		(P.T.O.)			

68.	Anticodon region	is found in			
	(1) tRNA	(2) rRNA	(3)	mRNA	(4) snRNA
69.	TSH is a				
	(1) carbohydrate	(2) steroid	(3)	glycoprotein	(4) peptide.
70.	Reverse transcript	ase is also known	as	,	
	(1) DNA depender	nt DNA polymerase	;		9
	(2) RNA depender	nt DNA polymerase	,	r	
	(3) DNA depender	nt RNA polymerase	:		
	(4) RNA depender	nt RNA polymerase			,
7 1.	Amanitin inhibits	a a			
	(1) ATP synthesis		(2)	mRNA synthe	sis
	(3) DNA synthesis	S	(4)	glycoprotein s	ynthesis
72 .	Nucleic acids sho	w strongest absorp	otion	at wavelength	ı
	(1) 260 nm	(2) 480 nm	(3)	360 nm	(4) 220 nm
73.	Biological half-life	of catecholamines	s is		
	(1) 10-30 second	s	(2)	1-3 days	2
,	(3) 10-30 minute	es	(4)	1-3 weeks	

74.	Synacthen's test is used for the diagnosis of			
	(1) adrenogenita	l syndrome	(2)	Addison's disease
	(3) pheochromoe	cytoma	(4)	Down's syndrome
75 .	Human insulin	gene is located	on	ed en
	(1) chromosome	8	(2)	chromosome 6
	(3) chromosome	21	(4)	chromosome 11
76 .	Insulin increases	s the activity of	all of th	ne following enzymes, except
	(1) acetyl CoA c	arboxylase	(2)	glycogen synthase
	(3) hormone ser	sitive lipase	(4)	HMG CoA reductase
7 7.	Metachromatic 1	eukodystrophy	is due to	deficiency of
	(1) ceramidase		(2)	sphingomyelinase
	(3) arylsulfatase		(4)	hexosaminidase
78.	Which of the following	lowing anti-can	cer drugs	s is a purine analogue?
	(1) Mitomycin C			6-Mercaptopurine
	(3) Vinblastine			Cyclophosphamide
79 .	Which of the foll	owing is a tum	or suppre	essor gene?
	(1) Rb	(2) Erb		Ras (4) Abl
				(4)

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80.	Which of the following purine is pre-	sent in tea?
	(1) 1,3,7-Trimethylxanthine	(2) 1,3-Dimethylxanthine
	(3) 3,7-Dimethylxanthine	(4) Methylxanthine
81.	All of the following are the end prod	ucts of pyrimidine catabolism, except
	(1) CO ₂	(2) β-alanine
	(3) ammonia	(4) γ-amino isobutyrate
82.	Which of the following statements translation?	s does not hold true for prokaryotic
	(1) The initiation tRNA carries N-for	mylated methionine
	(2) Initiation sequence is kozak sequ	ience
	(3) Three initiation factors are requi	red
	(4) Prokaryotic mRNAs are polycistro	onic
83.	In prokaryotes, the sequence presen	
	(1) Hogness box (2) GC box	(3) CAAT box (4) Pribnow box
84.	In hemolytic jaundice, urine bilirubi	n is
	(1) usually present	(2) very high
	(3) usually absent	(4) very low
85.	Carnitine is synthesized from	
80.	(1) threonine (2) lysine	(3) alanine (4) taurine
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86.	Synthesis of Apo B-48 by the intes	stinal cells is an example of
	(1) mRNA editing	(2) methylation
	(3) splicing	(4) hydroxylation
87.	The most commonly used prokaryot	ic host cell in genetic engineering is
	(1) E. coli (2) insect cells	(3) Aspergillus (4) H. influenza
88.	Cystic fibrosis is due to defect in	
	(1) deletion of one nucleotide	(2) deletion of three nucleotides
	(3) insertion of one nucleotide	(4) trinucleotide expansion
89.	DNA is a very stable molecule becar	use of
	(1) presence of OH group at 2' posi-	tion
	(2) absence of OH group at 2' positi	ion
	(3) presence of OH group at 4' posit	tion
	(4) absence of OH group at 4' positi	on
90.	The enzyme responsible for mitochor	ndrial DNA synthesis is
	(1) alpha polymerase	(2) delta polymerase
	(3) beta polymerase	(4) gamma polymerase
91.	The most processive DNA polymerase	e is
27	(1) DNA polymerase I	(2) DNA polymerase II
	(3) DNA polymerase III	(4) DNA gyrase
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92.	All of the following diseases are asso	ciated with defective DNA repair, except
	(4)	(2) Werner syndrome
	(3) cystic fibrosis	(4) xeroderma pigmentosum
93.	Multiple codons can decode the same code is called	amino acid. This characteristic of genetic
	(1) universality (2) degeneracy	(3) unambiguity (4) specificity
94.	Embryonic hacmoglobin is composed	of
	(1) alpha and beta chains	(2) alpha and gamma chains
	(3) alpha and delta chains	(4) epsilon and zeta chains
95.	Digitalis is detoxified by	
	(1) oxidation (2) methylation	(3) hydrolysis (4) reduction
96.	Most common cause of hypercalcem	ia is
	(1) hyperparathyroidism	(2) malignancy
	(3) pheochromocytoma	(4) use of thiazide diuretics
97.	Which of the following stimulates the luteum?	ne production of progesterone by corpus
	(1) FSH (2) Oestrogen	(3) LH (4) Prolactin
98.	Symptoms of methylmalonic acidem	ia are almost identical to
,,,	(1) OPC poisoning	(2) ethylene glycol poisoning
	(3) methanol poisoning	(4) celphos poisoning
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99.	Ratio of amount of nitrogen retained	d to the nitrogen absorbed is called
	(1) biological value	(2) caloric value
	(3) net protein utilization	(4) protein efficiency ratio
100.	Glucose tolerance factor contains	
	(1) molybdenum (2) magnesium	(3) selenium (4) chromium
101.	All of the following decrease iron at	osorption, except
	(1) phytates	(2) gastric HCl
	(3) ascorbic acid	(4) calcium
102.	Slow reacting substance of anapleukotrienes, except	phylaxis contains all of the following
	(1) LTC ₄ (2) LTB ₄	(3) LTD ₄ (4) LTE ₄
103.	The major antibody present in colos	trum is
	(1) IgM (2) IgG	(3) IgA (4) IgE
104.	Sphingolipids contain all of the follow	Wing: except
	(1) phosphate	(2) glycerol
	(3) oligosaccharide	(4) sphingosine
105.	Vitamin E functions as an antioxidar	at due to
	(1) its association with the cell mem	brane
	(2) isoprenoid chain	
	(3) aromatic ring structure	
	(4) its hydrophobic nature	
(178)	17	

106.	Glycosidic linkage present in cellulose is			
	(1) α-1,2	(2) β-1,4	(3) β-1,2	(4) α-1,4
107.	The level of which	of the following hor	mones falls in the t	olood after a meal?
	(1) Insulin	(2) PYY [3-36]	(3) Ghrelin	(4) Lipase
108.	The number of A	TP produced durin	g oxidation of stea	aric acid is
	(1) 129	(2) 141	(3) 131	(4) 120
109.	Which of the foll	owing enzymes is	used in ELISA?	
	(1) Aspartate tra	nsaminase	(2) Alkaline pho	osphatase
	(3) Alanine trans	aminase	(4) Asparaginase	
110.	All are polyamine	es, except		
	(1) putrescine		(2) spermine	
	(3) S-adenosylm		(4) spermidine	
111.	All of the following	ng are substrates	of gluconeogenesis	, except
111.	(1) alanine		(2) acetyl-CoA	
	(3) propionic ac	id	(4) glycine	
	. The type of DN	A found in guanine	e and cytosine rich	regions is
112	(1) B-DNA	(2) A-DNA	(3) Z-DNA	(4) C-DNA
	(1) D-D			
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113.	Gene for major histocompatibility complex is located on
	(1) short arm of chromosome 6 (2) long arm of chromosome 6
	(3) long arm of chromosome 11 (4) short arm of chromosome 8
114.	Fidelity of translation depends on
	(1) DNA polymerase (2) RNA polymerase
	(3) aminoacyl tRNA synthetase (4) peptidyl transferase
115.	Which of the following
-10.	the following chizymes is not regulated by calmodulin?
	(1) Guanylate cyclase (2) Pyruvate carboxylase
	(3) Pyruvate kinase (4) Hexokinase
116.	Increased level of which amino acid is associated with high risk of myocardial infarction?
	(1) Ornithine (2) Homocysteine (3) Cystein (4) Methionine
117.	Cytochrome P-450 enzymes are located in
	(1) cell membrane (2) smooth endoplasmic reticulum
	(3) nucleus (4) Golgi complex
118.	All of the following are derivatives of isopentenyl pyrophosphate, except
	(1) carotenoids (2) vitamin B
	(1) carotenoids (2) vitamin E (3) dolichol (4) vitamin B
119.	AUG, the initiation codon, also codes for
	(1) methionine (2) phenylalanine (3) leucine (4) valine
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120.	DNA glycosylases are involved in	
	(1) base excision repair	(2) nucleotide excision repair
	(3) mismatch repair	(4) direct repair
121.	The amino acid that transports am	monia from skeletal muscle to liver is
	(1) glutamate (2) valine	(3) alanine (4) lysine
122.	Beta pleats and beta bends are exa	imples of
	(1) primary structure	(2) tertiary structure
	(3) secondary structure	(4) quarternary structure
123.	All of the following electron carriers a except	are components of electron transport chair
	(1) FMN (2) FAD	(3) NAD ⁺ (4) NADP ⁺
124.	The iron in haem is linked to the	globin through
	(1) arginine (2) lysine	(3) histidine (4) glycine
125.	Creatinuria is related with the defi	ciency of
	(1) vitamin A (2) vitamin E	(3) vitamin K (4) thiamine
126.	Sulpha drugs interfere with bacter	rial synthesis of
	(1) vitamin D (2) vitamin E	(3) folic acid (4) lipoic acid
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127.	Selenium poisoning can be treated	with the administration of
	(1) benzylamine	(2) P-bromobenzene
	(3) P-nitrobenzaldehyde	(4) dithiopropanol
128.	The two nitrogens in urea are deriv	ved from
	(1) ammonia and glutamine	(2) glutamine and glutamic acid
	(3) glutamine and alanine	(4) glutamine and aspartic acid
129.	β-oxidation of odd-chain length of fa	atty acids produces
	(1) succinyl-CoA	(2) malonyl-CoA
	(3) propionyl-CoA	(4) acetyl-CoA
130.	Which of the following marks protein	ins for destruction?
	(1) Clathsin (2) Chaperone	(3) Laminin (4) Ubiquitin
131.	Isoenzyme fraction of LDH elevated	in myocardial infarction is
	(1) LDH 1 (2) LDH 2	(3) LDH 3 (4) LDH 5
132.	Inhibition of succinate dehydrogenas	se by malonate is an
	(1) competitive inhibition	
	(3) uncompetitive inhibition	(2) non-competitive inhibition
		(4) allosteric inhibition
133.	All of the following are essential ami	ino acids, except
	(1) leucine (2) threonine	(3) phenylalanine (4) tyrosine
(178)	21	
		(P.T.O.)

134.	Amylin is secreted by pancreatic cells type			
	(1) alpha	(2) beta		
	(3) gamma	(4) pancreatic polypeptide		
135.	Which of the following fatty acids be	longs to w-3 series?		
	(1) Linoleic acid	(2) Arachidonic acid		
	(3) Linolenic acid	(4) Oleic acid		
136.	Acute hemolytic episodes after admir due to deficiency of	nistration of anti-malarial drugs are seen		
	(1) glucose-6-phosphatase			
	(2) glycogen synthase			
	(3) glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogena	ase		
	(4) glycogen phosphorylase			
137.	Main apoprotein present in chylomic	eron is		
	(1) apo B-48 (2) apo a	(3) apo B-100 (4) apo A-II		
138	All of the following are constituents	of renal calculi, except		
100.	(1) calcium (2) xanthine	(3) cholesterol (4) uric acid		
120	Carbon atoms that are involved in osazone formation are			
139.	(1) 1 and 2 (2) 5 and 6	(3) 1 and 3 (4) 1 and 6		
	2	2		
(178)				

140.	γ-glutamyl transpeptidase levels are	e more specific for diagnosis of	
	(1) viral hepatitis	(2) alcoholic liver disease	
	(3) myocardial infarction	(4) Wilson's disease	
141.	Which of the following hormones de	oes not act at the level of transcri	ption?
	(1) Cortisol (2) Calcitonin		_
142.	Transamination of alanine leads to	the formation of	
	(1) pyruvate	(2) phenyl pyruvate	
	(3) oxaloacetate	(4) aspartate	
143.	Hypolipidemic agents act on		
	(1) HMG CoA synthetase	(2) HMG CoA reductase	
	(3) HMG CoA mutase	(4) HMG CoA hydratase	
144.	Which of the following is a lipotropi	ic factor?	
	(1) Insulin (2) HDL	(3) Carnitine (4) Choline	
145.	Which of the following enzymes fits	in the class of hydrolases?	
	(1) Hexokinase	(2) Chymotrypsin	
	(3) Glycogen phosphorylase	(4) Triose-phosphate isomerase	
		-somerase	
178)	23		
		(F	P.T.O.)

146.	Cytochromes are	
	(1) iron-porphyrin proteins	(2) riboflavin-containing nucleotides
	(3) metal-containing flavoproteins	(4) pyrimidine nucleotides
147.	The accepted hypothesis for DNA re	plication is
	(1) conservative theory	(2) semi-conservative theory
	(3) dispersive theory	(4) evolutionary theory
148.	What is the main source of natural	fluoride?
	(1) Mushroom (2) Potatoes	(3) Meat (4) Water
149.	Which of the following amino acids porphyrins in mammals?	is the major precursor for synthesis of
	(1) Alanine (2) Glycine	(3) Glutamate (4) Asparagine
150.	CA 19-9 is a marker of	*
	(1) Hodgkin's disease	(2) pancreatic cancer
	(3) prostate cancer	(4) ovarian cancer



अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली या काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- 1. प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 10 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- 2. परीक्षा भवन में लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- 3. उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा, केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- 4. अपना *अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन* से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- 5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ॰ एम॰ आर॰ पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक सं॰ और ओ॰ एम॰ आर॰ पत्र सं॰ की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमित नहीं है।
- उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें िक एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप िकसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. रफ़ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
- परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमित नहीं होगी।
- 14. यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।