2014.

Set No.: 1

Question Booklet No.

RET/16/TEST-B

671 Dental Science

(To b	e filled up l	by the cand	lidate by b	lue/black	ball poin	t pen)		
Roll No.							7	
oll No. (Write t	he digits in	words)						
rial No. of ON	IR Answer	Sheet	••••		·····		,	
ty and Date								
					(8	ignature	of Invigi	lator )

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(Use only blue/black ball-point pen in the space above and on both sides of the Answer Sheet)

- Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, Please ensure that you have got the correct booklet and it contains all the pages in correct sequence and no page/question is missing. In case of faulty Question Booklet, Bring it to the notice of the Superintendent/Invigilators immediately to obtain a fesh Question Booklet.
- 2. Do not bring any loose paper, written or blank, inside the Examination Hall except the Admit Card without its envelope.
- 3. A separate Answer Sheet is given. It should not be folded or mutilated. A second Answer Sheet shall not be provided.
- 4. Write your Roll Number and Serial Number of the Answer Sheet by pen in the space provided above.
- 5. On the front page of the Answer Sheet, write by pen your Roll Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, wherever applicable, write the Question Booklet Number and the Set Number in appropriate places.
- 6. No overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR sheet and Roll No. and OMR sheet no. on the Question Booklet.
- Any change in the aforesaid entries is to be verified by the invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. This Booklet contains 40 multiple choice questions followed by 10 short answer questions. For each MCQ, you are to record the correct option on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the Answer Sheet, by pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the Answer Sheet. For answering any five short Answer Questions use five Blank pages attached at the end of this Question Booklet.
- For each question, darken only one circle on the Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- 10. Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero marks).
- 11. For rough work, use the inner back pages of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this Booklet.
- 12. Deposit both OMR Answer Sheet and Question Booklet at the end of the Test.
- 13. You are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- 14. If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.

Total No. of Printed Pages: 20

ROUGH WORK एफ कार्य

### Research Entrance Test-2016

No. of Questions: 50

प्रश्नों की संख्या: 50

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 200

समय : 2 घण्टे

पूर्णाङ्कः : 200

Note: (1) This Question Booklet contains 40 Multiple Choice Questions followed by 10 Short Answer Questions.

इस प्रश्न पुस्तिका में 40 वस्तुनिष्ठ व 10 लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न हैं।

- (2) Attempt as many MCQs as you can. Each MCQ carries 3 (Three) marks. 1 (One) mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. Zero mark will be awarded for each unattempted question. If more than one alternative answers of MCQs seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.
  - अधिकाधिक वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्नों को हल करने का प्रयत्न करें। प्रत्येक वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्न 3 (तीन) अंकों का है। प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए 1 (एक) अंक काटा जायेगा। प्रत्येक अनुत्तरित प्रश्न का प्राप्तांक शून्य होगा। यदि वस्तुनिष्ठ प्रश्नों के एकाधिक वैकल्पिक उत्तर सही उत्तर के निकट प्रतीत हों, तो निकटतम सही उत्तर दें।
- (3) Answer only 5 Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 16 (Sixteen) marks and should be answered in 150-200 words. Blank 5 (Five) pages attached with this booklet shall only be used for the purpose. Answer each question on separate page, after writing Question No.

केवल 5 (पाँच) लघुउत्तरीय प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 16 (सोलह) अंकों का है तथा उनका उत्तर 150-200 शब्दों के बीच होना चाहिए। इसके लिए इस पुस्तिका में लगे हुए सादे 5 (पाँच) पृष्टों का ही उपयोग आवश्यक है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न का उत्तर एक नए पृष्ट से, प्रश्न संख्या लिखकर शुरू करें।

01.	Tryp	Trypsin differs from pepsin in digestion of proteins in :			
	(1)	Acidic medium	(2)	Alkaline medium	
	(3)	Neutral medium	(4)	Different pH ranges	
02.	Calc	oric value is maximum in :			
	(1)	Fats	(2)	Vitamins	
	(3)	Proteins (\)	(4)	Sugars	
03.	Bull	k of tooth in a mammal is mad	de up	of:	
	(1)	Root	(2)	Pulp cavity	
	(3)	Dentine 5	(4)	Enamel	
04.	Nyct	talopia is caused by the defici	ency (	of vitamin :	
	(1)	E	(2)	Α	
	(3)	D 2	(4)	B <sub>12</sub>	
05.	Whi	ch of the following is most ab	undaı	nt types of antibodies?	
	(1)	IgA	(2)	IgE	
	(3)	IgG (3'	(4)	IgM	
06.	Enz	ymes of glycolysis are found i	n:		
	(1)	Glyoxysomes	(2)	Mitochondria	
	(3)	Cytoplasm	(4)	Golgi complex	
07.	Trac	chea 4 bronchi posses :			
	(1)	Incomplete cartilaginous rin	gs		
	(2)	Complete cartilaginous rings	3		
	(3)	Thick muscular wall	1		
	(4)	Thick fibrous wall	_/		

08.	Chi	Chloride shift is required for transport of:			
	(1)	Nitrogen	(2)	Oxygen	
	(3)	Carbon Dioxide (3)	(4)	Carbon Dioxide & Oxygen	
09.	If ne	erve supply to heart is cut, the	hear	rt will :	
	(1)	Shrink	(2)	Beat arhythmically	
	(3)	Beat rhythmically	(4)	Beat arhythmically Stop beating	
10.	Whi	ch of the following is an inhib			
	(1)	GABA	(2)	Adrenaline	
	(3)	Epinephrine	(4)	Acetylcholine	
11.	Acco	ording to stone and church, A	todd	eler age ranges :	
	(1)	15 month to 2 years	(2)	<15 month	
	(3)	2-6 years	(4)	>6 years	
12.	Beh	aviour reinforces given to the	child	ren except :	
	(1)	Toys		•	
	(2)	Watching favorite TV channel			
	(3)	Reward			
	(4)	Bribe			
13.	Acqı	aisition of Childs sense of trus	t beg	ins :	
	(1)	Birth to two years of age	_		
	(2)	At two years of age			
	(3)	At three years of age			
	(4)	At 4 years of age			

14. Childs begins focusing on light at:

	(1)	1-4 weeks	(2)	4-6 weeks		
	(3)	6.8 weeks	(4)	8-12 weeks		
15.	The	volume of fixative solution for	biop	sy specimen should be:		
	(1)	20 times more than vol. of tis				
	(2)	30 times more than vol. of tis				
	(3)	10 times more than vol. of tis	sues	specimen		
	(4)	40 times more than vol. of tis	sues	specimen		
16.	The	minimum time required for fix	xatio	n of small biopsy specimen		
	(1)	8 hrs	(2)	24 hrs		
	(3)	48 hrs	(4)	72 hrs		
17.	Mos	t important factor in selecting				
	(1)	Avoid direct transmission of	tippii	ng forces to abutment		
	(2)	Basic principles of clasp should be accommodated				
	(3)	Location of the undercut		\$		
	(4)	Provide retention against rea	sona	ble dislodging forces		
18.	Dire	ect-indirect retention is achiev	red :			
	(1)	By the minor connector	(2)	By the denture base		
	(3)	By the embrasure hooks	(4)	By the occlusal rests		
19.	Clip	o in an internal clip attachmen	nt is	made of :		
	(1)	Nylon	(2)	27 gauge plate metal		
	(3)	Platinum alloy	(4)	19 gauge metal		

Cavo-surface margin for core restoration can be:			
(1)	45-135 degrees	(2)	90 degrees
(3)	90-100 degrees	(4)	180-190 degrees
Pilo	t hole for pin restorations are	:	
	1 mm		0.1mm
(3)	2mm	(4)	5mm
		ble	technique used for occlusal
(1)	Is used for developing molar	discl	usion
(2)	Has two incisal tables		
(3)	Has two condylar tables		
(4)	Determine the cusp shape ar	nd ar	ngle of hinge rotation
Occi	lusal offset :		
120200	Wilson Street up to	(2)	Is a V-shaped groove
		100000	
(-)	io a ii onapea groove	(+)	is a 0-shaped groove
Bezo	old-Brucke effect refers to:		
(1)	A change in hue with change	in l	uminance
(2)	Metamerism effect		
(3)	Change in brilliance when tr	anslı	acent is applied
(4)	Formation of internal opacity	in c	eramic during firing
Alve	olar bone proper is formed of		
	150 SEC	•	
S 8			
80 M	157		
.85 (8) ************************************		of bu	ndle hone
	(1) (3) Pilo (1) (3) Foll reha (1) (2) (3) (4) Occi (1) (3) Bezo (1) (2) (3) (4)	(1) 45-135 degrees (3) 90-100 degrees  Pilot hole for pin restorations are (1) 1mm (3) 2mm  Following are true for Twin Tarehabilitation, except: (1) Is used for developing molar (2) Has two incisal tables (3) Has two condylar tables (4) Determine the cusp shape are  Occlusal offset: (1) Is a S-shaped groove (3) Is a W-shaped groove  Bezold-Brucke effect refers to: (1) A change in hue with change (2) Metamerism effect (3) Change in brilliance when true (4) Formation of internal opacity  Alveolar bone proper is formed of (1) Haversian bone (2) Compact bone lamellae (3) Bundle bone	(1) 45-135 degrees (2) (3) 90-100 degrees (4)  Pilot hole for pin restorations are: (1) 1mm (2) (3) 2mm (4)  Following are true for Twin Table rehabilitation, except: (1) Is used for developing molar discled. (2) Has two incisal tables (3) Has two condylar tables (4) Determine the cusp shape and are Occlusal offset: (1) Is a S-shaped groove (2) (3) Is a W-shaped groove (4)  Bezold-Brucke effect refers to: (1) A change in hue with change in 1: (2) Metamerism effect (3) Change in brilliance when transled. Formation of internal opacity in conduction of the conduction

26.	The dictary effect on plaque is mostly due to:				
	(1)	carbohydrates	(2)	fats	
	(3)	proteins	(4)	nucleic acids	
27.	Toot	h brush trauma usually occur	rs on	3	
	(1)	Centrals and laterals	(2)	Canines and premolars	
	(3)	Second and third premolars	(4)	First and second molars	
28.	lf a	dentist finds only a thin ring	of cal	culus in the bottom third of a	
	deep	pocket, it may be assumed t	hat :		
	(1)	calculus calcified before the	pock	et reached this depth	
	(2)	calculus previously extended	to th	ne enamel but the top part was	
		removed			
	(3)	bacterial plaque formed only	in d	eeper region of the pocket	
	(4)	calculus migrated apically, a	is the	e pocket grew deeper and new	
		calculus formed on the apic	al sit	e while that on occlusion site	
		dissolved			
29.	All	of the following are symptoms	of br	ruxism except:	
	(1)	Sore muscle and pain in the	jaw		
	(2)	Increased tooth mobility par	ticula	arly in the morning	
	(3)	Narrowing of PDL space			
	(4)	Thickening of the lamina du	ra		

30.	The	extracellular ploysacharide	synth	esized in plaque from dietary				
	suc	sucrose are :						
	(1)	fructans and levans						
	(2)	glycogen amylopectin and gl	ucos	e amylopectin				
	(3)	dextrans and glucans						
	(4)	fructans and glucans						
21	A Io	colined mainful and the colline						
31.		calized painful rapidly expand et is termed as :	ing le	esion that is usually of sudden				
	(1)	Gingival hyperplasia	(2)	Gingival hypertrophy				
	(3)	Ginival abscess	(4)	Gingival ulceration				
32.	Whi	ch of the following microorgan	isms	are commonly present in large				
				n that present with persistent				
		al periodontitis, indicative of f						
	(1)	Enterococcus faecalis						
	(2)	Pseudoramibacter alactolytic	us					
	(3)	Tannerella forsythia						
	(4)	Dialister invisus						
••								
33.	A ret	tentive cove is prepared on :						
	(1)	Axiofaciogingival angle	(2)	Axioincisal angle				
	(3)	Axiolinguogingival angle	(4)	Axiogingival line angle				

### RET/16/TEST-B

34.	Using the case Difficulty Assessment system developed by the
	American Assoication of Endodontics, cases in which any factors score
	3 should be:

- (1) Treated by a general dentist
- (2) Treated by an endodontist
- (3) Should be referred to endodontist for opinion only
- (4) Tooth is not treatable and hence extracted
- **35.** Laser Doppler Flowmetry utilizes light beam which is scattered by moving red blood cells. What is the name of the light beam :
  - (1) Helium Neon

(2) Argon

(3) Diode

- (4) Xenon light
- **36.** What is the effect on blood flow to the pulp when anesthetics with vasoconstrictors are used during restorative procedures?
  - (1) Reduced by 10% its normal rate
  - (2) Reduced to less than half its normal rate
  - (3) Unchanged
  - (4) Increaed by 25% because of stress on the pulp tissue
- **37.** Elevated body temperature, generalized malaise and nausea are most frequently associated with:
  - (1) Acute periapical abscess
- (2) Pulp necrosis
- (3) Chronic hyperplastic pulpitis (4) Acute pulpitis

- 38. In case of necrotic tooth patient still complains of pain because of :
  - (1) Transmodulation of A beta type of fibre
  - (2) Transmodulation of A delta type of fibre
  - (3) Transmodulation of C type of fibre
  - (4) Transmodulation of A gamma type of fibre
- **39.** Optiomal location for intra osseous anesthesia for mandibular second molars is :
  - (1) Distal to the molar
  - (2) Mesial to the molar
  - (3) In the furcation area
  - (4) Apical performation and injection
- 40. The ferrule effect:
  - (1) Prevents horizontal fracture of the clinical crown
  - (2) Reinforces against vertical root fracture
  - (3) Gives stability to the coronal restoration
  - (4) Provides retention of the dowel

#### **Short Answer Questions**

- **Note**: Attempt any **five** questions. Write answer in **150-200** words. Each question carries **16** marks. Answer each question on separate page after writing Question Number.
- **01.** Briefly discussed about Dental Management of a patient having Glucose -6- Phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency?
- **02.** CSF
- 03. Physiological aspect of treating a patient
- 04. Expansion in orthodontics
- **05**. Aversive conditioning
- 06. Study models
- 07. Osseo-perception
- 08. Dentogenic concept
- 09. Bone metabolic markers
- 10. Bone grafts and bone substitutes

ROUGH WORK रफ़ कार्य

## ROUGH WORK रफ़ कार्य

# अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

## (इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण पृष्ठ पर तथा उत्तर-पत्र के दोनों पृष्ठों पर केवल नीली-काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- प्रश्न पुस्तिका मिलने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रश्नपत्र में सभी पृष्ट मौजूद हैं और कोई प्रश्न छूटा नहीं हैं। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रश्नपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- 2. परीक्षा भवन में *लिफाफा रहित प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त,* लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोड़ें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा।
   केवल उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- 4. अपना अनुक्रमांक तथा उत्तर-पत्र का क्रमांक प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- 5. उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ० एम० आर० पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्नपुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्नपुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक और ओ० एम० आर० पत्र संख्या की प्रविष्टियों में उपिरलेखन की अनुमित नहीं है।
- उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिए आपको उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाढ़ा करना है।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिए केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अथवा एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्याही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो संबंधित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर श्रून्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- 11. रफ कार्य के लिए प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अंदर वाला पृष्ठ तथा उत्तर-पुस्तिका के अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- 12. परीक्षा के उपरान्त केवल ओ एम आर उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा भवन में जमा कर दें।
- परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमित नहीं होगी।
- 14. यदि कोई अभ्यथीं परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।