



**ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY**  
**FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES**  
**DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

## **Revised Courses and Syllabi**

**For the**

**Academic Sessions 2019-2020**

**DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE, AMU**  
**Academic Session 2019-2020**  
**B.A. (Hons), I<sup>st</sup> Semester**

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**PLB – 151: PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE (For both Main and Subsidiary) (04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**To Introduce and induct the students in the domain of the discipline. To familiarise them with certain concepts ranging from state to rights which constitute the building blocks of the discipline of political science.**

**Unit I: Introduction**

Political Science: Meaning, Definition, Nature and Scope  
Relationship of Political Science with History, Economics and Sociology  
Methods of Political Science: Historical, Comparative and Philosophical

**Unit II: The Concept of State**

The State: Meaning, Definition and Elements  
Theories of Origin of State Social: Contract (Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau) and Evolutionary theory  
Sovereignty: Meaning, Characteristics and Theories (Monistic and Pluralist)  
Law: Meaning, Definition, Sources and Kinds

**Unit III: Political Ideas and Values**

Liberty: Meaning and Dimensions (Negative and Positive) & Kinds  
Equality: Meaning, Dimensions and Kinds  
Justice: Meaning and Dimensions: Procedural and Substantive  
Rights: Meaning and Kinds: Natural Rights, Political Rights and Legal Rights

**Basic Readings**

1. O.P. Gauba, *Political Theory*, Macmillan, (latest edition).
2. Eddy Asirvatham, *Political Theory (latest edition)*
3. Rajeev Bhargava & A. Acharya, *Political Theory*, Pearson Longman, 2008
4. Andrew Heywood, *Political Theory* Palgrave Macmillan, (latest edition)
5. M. P. Jain, *Politics: Liberal Marxian*, Authors Guild (latest edition)
6. Amal Ray and Bhattacharya, *Political Theory*

**For Further Readings:**

1. A. Leftwich, *what is Politics: The Activity & its Study*, Polity, 2004
2. John Hoffman and Paul Graham, *Introduction to Political Theory*, Pearson (latest edition)
3. Barrie Axford et. al., *Politics: An Introduction*, Routledge (latest edition)
4. Ernest Barker, *Principles of Political and Social Theory*
5. Harold A. Laski, *Grammar of Politics*
6. J.W. Garner, *Political Science and Government*
7. Catriona Mckinnon, *Issues in Political Theory*, Oxford 2008.
8. Sushila Ramaswamy, *Political Theory: Ideas & Practices*, Macmillan (latest edition)
9. O.P. Gauba, *An Introduction to Political Theory* 5<sup>th</sup> edition Macmillan

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**Academic Sessions 2019-2020**  
**B.A. (Hons), I<sup>st</sup> Semester**

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**PLB – 152: MODERN GOVERNMENTS: CONCEPT, ORGANISATION AND CLASSIFICATION**

**(02 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This syllabus focuses on the analysis of the concept of government, its organs and various types. It lays the theoretical foundations for further study of specific constitutional systems of a country.**

**Unit I: Concept of Government and Its Organs**

- (a) Government: Definitional Characteristics
- (b) Legislature: Meaning and Types
- (c) Executive: Meaning and Functions
- (d) Judiciary: Importance and Functions

**Unit II: Classification of Governments in Contemporary World**

- (a) Unitary and Federal: Defining Features and Comparative Advantages and Disadvantages
- (b) Parliamentary and Presidential – Basic Characteristics and Comparative Analysis
- (c) Democratic and Dictatorship – Types, Merits and Demerits

**Basic Readings:**

1. Amal Ray and M. Bhattacharya, *Political Theory: Ideas & Institutions*, World Press (latest Edition)
2. Eddy Asirvatham and K.K. Mishra, *Political Theory* (S. Chand) Last edition
3. Robert Morrison Mac Iner, *The Web of Government, 1947*
4. Samuel Edward Finer, *The History of Government from the Earliest Times*, Oxford University Press, 1997

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**B.A. (Hons), II<sup>nd</sup> Semester**

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**PLB – 251: MODERN POLITICAL TRENDS**

**(02 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**To familiarize the students with modern political trends which is essential part of discipline, As they have background knowledge of political science, discussion on following topics would enlighten them about the contemporary trends within the study. These will only include introductory aspects of ideologies.**

**Unit I: Making Sense of Political Concepts**

- (a) Concept of Power: Meaning and Dimensions
- (b) Civil Society: Meaning and Features
- (c) Public Opinion: Meaning and Agencies

**Unit II: Understanding Ideologies**

- (a) Liberalism: Classical, Positive, Neo-classical
- (b) Marxism: Historical Materialism, Class Struggle, Surplus Value, Dictatorship of Proletariat
- (c) Multiculturalism: Development and Characteristics

**Basic Readings**

1. S.P. Verma, Political Theory (latest edition)
2. O.P. Gauba, *Political Theory*, Macmillan, (latest edition).
3. Eddy Asirvatham, *Political Theory (latest edition)*
4. Rajeev Bhargava & A. Acharya, *Political Theory*, Pearson Longman, 2008f
5. Andrew Heywood, *Political Theory*, Palgrave Macmillan, (latest edition)
6. M. P. Jain, *Politics: Liberal Marxian*, Authors Guild (latest edition)
7. Andrew Heywood, *Political Ideologies* (MacMillan latest edition)
8. Amal Ray & Mohit Bhattacharya, *Political Theory: Ideas and Institutions* (The World Press Private Limited latest edition)

**Further Suggested:**

1. A. Leftwich, *what is Politics: The Activity & its Study*, Polity, 2004
2. John Hoffman and Paul Graham, *Introduction to Political Theory*, Pearson (latest edition)
3. Barrie Axford et. al., *Politics: An Introduction*, Routledge (latest edition)
4. Ernest Barker, *Principles of Political and Social Theory*
5. Harold A. Laski, *Grammar of Politics*
6. J.W. Garner, *Political Science and Government*
7. Catriona Mckinnon, *Issues in Political Theory*, Oxford 2008.
8. Sushila Ramaswamy, *Political Theory: Ideas & Practices*, Macmillan (latest edition)
9. O.P. Gauba, *An Introduction to Political Theory* 5<sup>th</sup> edition Macmillan

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**B.A. (Hons), II<sup>nd</sup> Semester**

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**PLB – 252: CONTEMPORARY MODELS OF GOVERNMENT: U.K, U.S.A. AND SWITZERLAND**  
**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This syllabus aims at an in-depth analysis of the constitutional and political frameworks of the United Kingdom, the USA and Switzerland. The governmental mechanisms of these three countries are emphasised as they produce distinct models of governmental systems copied, followed and practised by other political communities.**

**Unit I: The United Kingdom**

- a) Salient Features of the Constitution: Conventions, Parliamentary Government, Sovereignty of Parliament, Unitary Government, Rule of Law
- b) Parliament: The House of Commons and the House of Lords – Composition and Powers
- c) Executive: Monarchy – Functions and Position
- d) Prime Minister and the Cabinet: Powers and Position

**Unit II: The United States of America**

- a) Salient Features of the Constitution: Supremacy of the Constitution, Presidential System, Federalism, Separation of Powers and Checks and Balances, Judicial Review
- b) The Congress – The Senate and the House of Representatives – Composition and Powers
- c) Executive – The President – Methods of Election. Powers and Position
- d) Judiciary – The Supreme Court: Composition, Jurisdictions and Role

**Unit III: Switzerland**

- a) Salient Features of the Constitution: Federalism Direct Democracy
- b) Federal Legislature: The National Council and Council of State – Composition and Powers
- c) Plural Executive – Composition and Functions
- d) Federal Tribunal – Compositions Jurisdictions

**Basic Readings:**

1. Walter Bagehot, *The English Constitution*, 1867
2. W.B. Munro, *The Government of United States*
3. A.C. Kapur *Select World Constitutions* (latest edition)
4. Vishnu Bhagwan, and Vidya Bhushan, *World Constitutions*, Sterling (latest edition)
5. F.S. Strong, *Modern Political Constitutions* (latest edition)
6. K.R. Bambwall: *Major Contemporary Constitutional Systems*
7. N. Jayapalan, *Modern Governments*, Atlantic Publication (latest edition)

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**Academic Sessions 2019-2020**  
**B.A. (Hons.), III<sup>rd</sup> Semester**

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**PLB – 351: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT: PLATO TO ROUSSEAU (04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**The syllabus is designed to understand political philosophical traditions as they evolved in Europe from ancient to the beginning of modern era. It examines the contributions of the Greeks, Medieval Philosophers and the breaking of the Christian Tradition with Machiavelli and the Social Contractualists.**

**Unit I: Natural-Rational Tradition of the Greeks**

Salient Features of Greek Political Thought  
Plato's Ideal State: Justice, Philosopher King, Education and Communism  
Aristotle's Polity: Classification of Governments, Revolution, The Best Practicable State.

**Unit II: Medieval-Christian Tradition**

Salient Features of Medieval Political Thought  
St. Thomas Aquinas: Theory of Law, Relationship between Church and State  
Machiavelli: Separation of Ethics and Politics, Theory of State-Craft

**Unit III: Social Contractualists**

Thomas Hobbes: State of Nature, Social Contract, Sovereignty  
John Locke: State of Nature, Social Contract, Natural Rights, Limited Government  
Rousseau: State of Nature, Social Contract, General Will.

**Basic Readings:**

1. J.P. Sudha, *A History of Political Theory*, K. Nath & Co. (latest edition).
2. S. Mukherjee, *A History of Political Thought*, PHI, (latest edition).
3. O.P. Gauba, *Western Political Thought*, Macmillan 2011
4. George H. Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*.

**Further Suggested:**

1. Shefali Jha, *Western Political Thought*, Pearson, 2010.
2. David Boucher and Paul Kelly (editors), *Political Thinkers*, Oxford (latest edition).
3. C.L. Wayper, *Political Thought*.
4. Maxie, *Political Philosophies*.
5. William Ebenstein, *Great Political Thinkers*.
6. B.R. Nelson, *Western Political Thought*, Pearson (latest edition) (for Cicero also).

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**PLB – 352: INDIAN POLITICAL STRUCTURE**

**(02 Credits)**

**Objectives:**

**The broad objectives of this paper are to acquaint ourselves with the ethical, ideological and philosophical foundations of the Constitution of India. It further aims at a deep understanding and scrutiny of the governmental mechanisms at Union and States level as prescribed by the Indian Constitution.**

**Unit I: Salient Feature of the Indian Constitution: The Ethical, Ideological and Philosophical Foundations**

Parliamentary Democracy, Federalism, Secularism and Socialism  
 Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policies and Fundamental Duties  
 Supremacy of the Constitution, Rule of Law

**Unit II: The Structure of the Government: Union and State System**

The Union Executive: The Powers, Position and Role of the President and the Prime Minister

The Union Legislature: Composition, Function and Role of the Parliament (Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha)

The State Executive: The Powers, Position and Role of the Governor and the Chief Minister

**Basic Readings:**

1. D.D. Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, PHI (Latest Edition)
2. P.M. Bakshi, *Constitution of India*, Universal Law Pub. (Latest Edition)
3. Hoyeda Abbas, Ranjay Kumar and Md.Aftab Alam, *Indian Government and Politics*, Pearson, Delhi, 2011.
4. B.L. Fadia, *Indian Government and Politics*, (Latest Edition)
5. Subhash Kashyap, *Our Constitution*, National Book Trust (Latest Edition)
6. Subhash Kashyap, *Our Parliament*, National Book Trust (Latest Edition)
7. *Indian Constitution at Work*, Text Book in Political Science for Class XI, NCERT, New Delhi

**Further Suggested:**

1. Granville Austin, *The Constitution of India: Cornerstone of a Nation*, OUP, 1999
2. Rajeev Bhargava(ed.) *Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution*, OUP, 2009
3. Granville Austin, *Working in a Democratic Constitution: A History of the Indian Experience*, OUP, 2003
4. Pratap Bhanu Mehta, *The Burden of Democracy*, Penguin India, 2003
5. Sunil Khilnani, *The Idea of India*, Penguin India, 2004
6. Zoya Hasan, E. Sridharan and R. Sundarshan (eds.) , *Indis's Living Constitution*, Permanent Black, 2002
7. Sujit Choudhary, Madhav Khosla, Pratap Bhanu Mehta, *The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution*, OUP, 2016
8. Madhav Khosla, *The Indian Constitution: Oxford India Short Introductions*, OUP, 2012

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**PLB – 451: ISSUES IN INDIAN POLITICS (For both Main and Subsidiary) (4 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This paper discusses various issues and problems of Indian democracy.**

**Unit I: Issues**

Caste-Politics Interface: The role of caste in politics, and the role of politics in changing the nature of caste  
Communalism: historical causes, recent trends, and remedies  
Regionalism: Causes, trends & remedies

**Unit II: Party System**

Shift from Single Dominant Party System to Multi-Party System  
Patterns of coalition politics  
Role of political parties  
Funding and Internal Structure of political parties

**Unit III: Working of Democracy**

Grassroot Democracy: 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> constitutional amendments  
Working of Panchayats and Municipalities  
Election Commission: Composition and Functions  
Electoral Malpractices and Reforms

**Basic Readings:**

1. D.D. Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, PHI (Latest Edition)
2. P.M. Bakshi, *Constitution of India*, Universal Law Pub. (Latest Edition)
3. Hoveda Abbas, Ranjay Kumar and Md. Aftab Alam, *Indian Government and Politics*, Pearson, Delhi, 2011.
4. N.G. Jayal & Pratap Bhanu Mehta, *The Oxford Companion of Politics in India*, 2000.
5. B.L. Fadia, *Indian Government and Politics*, (Latest Edition)

**Further Suggested:**

1. Bidyut Chakrabarty, *Indian Government and Politics*, Sage (Latest Edition)
2. M.V. Pylee, *India's Constitution* (Latest Edition)
3. R.L. Hardgrave, *India : Government and Politics of a Developing Nation*
4. W.H. Morris-Jones, *The Government and Politics of India*
5. Satyabrata Chowdhuri, *Leftism in India 1917-1947*, Macmillan 2011.



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**PLB – 452: LATER MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT OF THE WEST AND INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**  
**(02 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**The Paper is designed to provide an understanding of the Later Modern Political Thought of the West (Utilitarianism & Marxism) and Indian Political Thought.**

**Unit I: Utilitarianism & Marxism**

Bentham: Utilitarianism, Political Reforms, Legal Reforms  
J.S. Mill: Utilitarianism, Representative Government, Liberty  
Karl Marx: Dialectical Materialism, Economic Interpretation of History, Class Struggle

**Unit II: Indian Political Thought**

Kautilya: Theory of kingship, Mandal Theory  
Gandhi: Ahimsa, Satyagraha, Trusteeship  
Sir Syed: Social and Educational Reforms, Political Ideas

**Basic Readings:**

1. J.P. Sudha, *A History of Political Theory*, K. Nath & Co. (latest edition).
2. S. Mukherjee, *A History of Political Thought*, PHI, (latest edition).
3. O.P. Gauba, *Western Political Thought*, Macmillan 2011
4. George H. Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*.
5. V.P. Verma, *Indian Political Thought*
6. Rajmohan Gandhi, *Understanding the Muslim Mind* (Penguin Books, India)
7. Shan Mohammad, *Political Biography of Sir Syed*, Menakshi Parkashan
8. Tara Chand, *History of the Freedom Movement in India*, Vol-2, Publication Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. Of India, 1967, chapter -8, Trends of Muslim Political Thought
9. (GFI Graham) “ The Life and work of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan

**Further Suggested:**

1. Shefali Jha, *Western Political Thought*, Pearson, 2010.
2. David Boucher and Paul Kelly (editors), *Political Thinkers*, Oxford (latest edition).
3. C.L. Wayper, *Political Thought*.
4. Maxie, *Political Philosophies*.
5. William Ebenstein, *Great Political Thinkers*.
6. B.R. Nelson, *Western Political Thought*, Pearson (latest edition).

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**B.A. (Hons.) V<sup>th</sup> Semester**

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*Compulsory*

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**PLB – 551: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: Concepts and Theory** **(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This paper is meant for introducing relevant concepts, theories and issues in the field of International Relations.**

**Unit I: Theoretical Understanding of International Relations**

Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Relations  
Approaches to International Relations: Realism and Neo-Realism  
Liberalism and Neo-Liberalism

**Unit II: Power Politics in International Relations**

National Power: Meaning, Nature and Determinants  
Foreign Policy: Meaning, Nature and Determinants  
National Security: Meaning, Nature and Changing Character

**Unit III: Major Concepts**

Power Management: Balance of Power and Collective Security  
Conceptualising Globalization: Meaning, Nature and Characteristics  
Conceptualising International Society: Transnational Actors in Global Politics

**Suggested Readings:**

1. John Baylis and Steve Smith, *The Globalisation of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations (latest edition)*
2. Robert Jackson and George Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations*
3. Karl W. Deutsch, *The Analysis of International Relations*
4. Hans J. Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nations*
5. John Spanier, *Games Nations Play*
6. Joshua S. Goldstein, *International Relations*
7. Paul R. Viotti and Mark V. Kauppi, *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*
8. Keith L. Shimko, *International Relations: Perspectives and Controversies*
9. Prakash Chandra, *International Politics*
10. UR Ghai, *International Politics*
11. Mahendra Kumar, *International Politics*

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**B.A. (Hons.) V<sup>th</sup> Semester**

**Compulsory**

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**PLB – 552: MODERN POLITICAL THEORY: APPROACHES AND PROCESS**  
**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

- **To make an initial understanding of Political Theory**
- **To examine the methods and models of Political Analysis**

**UNIT I: Framework of Understanding Political Theory**

Politics as Science, Philosophy and Theory  
Functions of Political Theory  
Distinction between Empirical and Normative Approach to Political Theory  
Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory

**UNIT II: Approaches and Models**

Behaviouralism and Post Behaviouralism: Characteristic Features  
Conceptual Frameworks of Political Analysis: Input-Output Analysis, Structural-Functionalism  
Models of Political Analysis: Decision-Making, Communications

**UNIT III: Political Process**

Political Participation: Nature and Kinds  
Political Parties: Functions and Models (Mitchels, Lenin and Duverger)  
Voting Behaviour: Determinants and Models (Party-Identification, Sociological, Rational Choice and Dominant-Ideology models)

**Suggested Readings:**

1. S.P. Verma, Modern Political Theory (Latest Edition)
2. J.C. Johari, Comparative Politics, Sterling, New Delhi 2011
3. Pushpa Singh and Chetna Sharma, Comparative Government and Politics, Sage Texts, New Delhi, 2019
4. Rajeev Bhargava and Ashok Acharya (ed) Political Theory: An Introduction, Pearson 2016
5. Andrew Heywood, Political Theory: An Introduction, Palgrave Macmillan, London 2015
6. Hoyeda Abbas and Ranjay Kumar, Political Theory, Pearson 2017

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**B.A. (Hons.), V<sup>th</sup> Semester**

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<b>PLB – 553: PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION</b>	<i>Optional</i> <b>(04 Credits)</b>
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**Objectives:**

**The course is designed to introduce the students to one of the core fields of political science. It is one of the foundation courses, consisting of the concepts and theories of public administration.**

**UNIT- I: Foundations of Public Administration**

Meaning, Nature, Scope, and Significance of Public Administration; Evolution of the discipline and its present status; Difference between Public and Private Administration  
 New Public Administration and its characteristics; New Public Management and its characteristics.

**UNIT- II Organisation of Public Administration and Administrative Behaviour**

Principles of Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Span of Control, Division of Labour, and Centralization or Decentralization; Line, Staff, and Auxiliary agencies: Definition and Distinction.  
 Decision-Making: Meaning, process, types and conditions of decision making.  
 Communication: Meaning, process, channels, and barriers of communication

**UNIT- III Theories of Organisation**

Scientific Management theory of F. W. Taylor  
 Bureaucratic Theory of Max Weber  
 Administrative theory or Classical Theory  
 Herbert Simon's Decision-Making Theory

**Suggested Readings:**

1. L.D. White, *Introduction to the Study of Public Administration*
2. F.W. Willouby by, *Principles of Public Administration*
3. Pfiffner and Presthus, *Public Administration*
4. Avasthi and Maheshwari, *Public Administration*
5. C.P. Bhambri, *Public Administration in India*
6. S.R. Maheshwari, *Indian Administration*
7. Nigro and Nigro, *Modern Public Administration*
8. M.P. Sharma, *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*
9. R.K. Sapru, *Administrative Thinkers*
10. Prasad and Prasad (eds.), *Administrative Thinkers*
11. M. Bhattacharya, *New Horizons of Public Administration*
12. Chakrabarthy and Chand, *Public Administration in Globalizing World*
13. Henry Nicholas, *Public Administration and Public Affairs*
14. Denhardt and Denhardt, *Public Administration*
15. Shafritz and Hyde, *Classics of Public Administration*
16. Raadschelders Josc C. N., *Public Administration: The Interdisciplinary Study of Government*
17. Second ARC Reports, DAR&PG, Govt. of India

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*Optional*

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**PLB – 554: NATIONALISM AND CONSTITUTIONAL GROWTH IN INDIA: 1858 TO 1920**  
**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This syllabus primarily examines the process of the early phase of national awakening, British Constitutional interventions, initiation of freedom struggle and beginning of Gandhian interventions. This period is also intertwined with a magnificent amount of constitutional developments and political awakening of India masses.**

**Unit I: The Early National Awakening and British Constitutional Consolidation**

Socio – Religions Reform Movements and the Rise of National Awakening  
 The Government of India Act, 1858  
 Indian Council Acts of 1861 and 1892: Basic Provisions  
 The Aligarh Movement: Causes, Objectives and Impact

**Unit II: Beginning of Freedom Struggle**

Establishment of the Indian National Congress – Causes and Objectives  
 The Moderate and Extremist Phase  
 The Partition of Bengal; Causes and Consequences  
 Formation of All India Muslim League Causes, Objectives and Role in Indian Politics

**Unit III: Constitutional Development and Political Mobilization**

The Morley – Minto Reforms, 1909: Provisions and Significance  
 The Lucknow Pact – Provisions and Importance  
 Montagu – Chelmsford Reforms, 1919: Provisions and Importance  
 Non-Cooperation and Khilafat Movement – Causes, Objectives and Impact

**Recommended Books:**

1. Bipan Chandra, India's Struggle for Independence, Penguin Books (Latest Edition)
2. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, (Latest Edition)
3. Bipan Chandra, Amales Tripathi, and Barun De, Modern India, New Delhi. 1976
4. Percival Spear, Oxford History of India, New Delhi, 1974
5. R. Palme Dutt, India Today, Bombay, 1949
6. A.R. Desai, Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1959
7. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India (1885 – 1947), Delhi, 1983
8. J.R. McLane, Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress, Princeton 1977
9. B.B. Majumdar, Militant Nationalism of India. Calcutta. 1966
10. William Darlymple. The Last Mughal: The Fall of a Dynasty, Delhi 1857 Penguins, New Delhi, 2007
11. P.C. Bamford, Histories of Khilafat and Non-Cooperation Movement, Delhi, 1985
12. Charles Hiemsath, Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social reform, Princeton, 1964
13. Sumit Sarkar, The Swadeshi Movement in Bengal (1903-1908), New Delhi, 1973
14. Bipan Chandra, The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India, New Delhi, 1984
15. B.L. Grover, British Policy Towards Indian Nationalism 1885-1909, Delhi. 1967

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**B.A. (Hons.), V<sup>th</sup> Semester**

*Optional*

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**PLB – 555: FOREIGN POLICIES OF MAJOR POWERS**

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**(04 Credits)**

**Objectives:**

The course aims to provide a theoretical and analytical understanding of Foreign Policy. It deals with the foreign policies of the two major powers (the United States of America and the Russian Federation). The approach of these two countries toward major global issues significantly influence the international relations & politics and therefore, this paper is quite relevant for providing a perspicacious understanding of international relations/politics.

**Unit I: Nature of Foreign Policy**

- (a) Meaning, Objectives and Instruments of Foreign Policy
- (b) Foreign Policy Analysis; Theoretical Perspectives; Realism, Liberalism, Constructivism
- (c) Analysing Foreign Policy Decision Making; Models of Decision Making; Rational, Bureaucratic and Individual Models

**Unit II: Foreign Policy of the USA**

- (a) Salient Features of Foreign Policy of USA
- (b) Foreign Policy of USA toward: United Nations: Nuclear Proliferation; Terrorism.
- (c) USA's Policy towards Europe, West Asia, South Asia

**Unit III: Foreign Policy of Russia**

- (a) Salient Features of Russia's Foreign Policy
- (b) Russia's Approach to United Nations, Disarmament and NATO
- (c) Russia's Policy towards USA, EU and West Asia

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Joshua S. Goldstein, *International Relations*, (Chapter 4, Foreign Policy) Sixth Edition, Person, Delhi, 2007.
2. Steve Smith, Amelia Hadfield, Tim Dunne (eds), *Foreign Policy: Theories, Actors, Cases*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.
3. Charles A. Lerche and Edward A. Said, *Concepts of International Politics (Chapter I)*
4. Roy C. Macridis, ed., *Foreign Policy in World Politics (Chapter I)*
5. George Modelski, *Foreign Policy Analysis*
6. James N. Rosenau, ed., *Foreign Policy and International Politics*
7. F.S. Northedge (ed.), *Foreign Policies of the Powers*
8. Prem Arora, *Foreign Policies of the Major Powers*, (latest edition)
9. *U.S. Foreign Policy in the 21<sup>st</sup> century, Foreign Policy Agenda*, September 2006, U.S. Department of State.
10. Lecture notes on U.S. Foreign Policy available at <http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/political-science/17-40-american-foreign-policy-past-present-future-fall-2010/lecture-notes/>
11. Andrei P. Tsygankov, *Russia's Foreign Policy-Change and Continuity in National Identity*, Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, New York, 2013.
12. Jeffery Mankoff, *Russian Foreign policy, The Return of Great Power politics*, Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, Maryland, 2009

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**B.A. (Hons.) – V<sup>th</sup> Semester**

*Optional*

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**PLB – 556: INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL LAW**

**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This course is an introduction to international law for students of political science. There is no aspect of world politics that can be fully understood today without some knowledge of international law and an awareness of how it operates as integral component of world affairs. The main purpose of the course is to provide students with a thorough knowledge of and insight into the existing legal framework, the fundamental principles, institutions, and the system of public international law. In this course the core concepts of public international law will be discussed in considerable depth.**

**UNIT I: NATURE OF INTERNATIONAL LAW**

- (a) International Law: Definition and Nature
- (b) Sources of International Law: Treaties, Customs and other sources
- (c) Relation between International Law and Municipal Law: Monistic, Dualistic and other theories

**UNIT II: EXTRADITION, ASYLUM, AND RECOGNITION**

- (a) Subjects of International Law: Traditional and Modern Views
- (b) Recognition of States: Theories and Consequences
- (c) Nationality: Modes of Acquiring and Losing Nationality

**UNIT III: INTERNATIONAL INTERCOURSE**

- (a) Extradition: Definition and Conditions;
- (b) Asylum: Meaning and Kinds of Asylum
- (c) Diplomatic Envoys: Functions, Immunities and Privileges

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Thomas Buergenthal; Sean D. Murphy, *Public International Law in a Nutshell* (West Group; 4th edition 2006).
2. Malcolm Nathan Shaw, *International Law* (Cambridge University Press, 6<sup>th</sup> edition 2008).
3. David Harris, *Cases and Materials on International Law* (Sweet & Maxwell; 7th edition 2010).
4. Malcolm Evans, *International Law* (Oxford University Press; 2010).
5. Peter Malanczuk, Michael Barton Akehurst, *Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law* (Routledge, 7th edition, 1997).
6. S. K. Verma, *An Introduction to Public International Law* (PHI, 1998)

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*Optional*

**PLB – 557: INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION (04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**International Organization is a Process of organizing the growing complexity of International Relations and Organization are institutions which represent the phase of that process.**

**The syllabus goes deep into the genesis, types and emergence of International organization. It also covers the Wars, conflicts and formation process.**

**The syllabus addresses the causes of failure of League of Nations and beginning of another World Governance UNO.**

**There is an attempt to make the students understand the UN System, its major organs, agencies and their functions.**

**Unit I: Introduction to International Organizations**

- (a) The Concept of International Organization; Meaning Nature, Characteristics and Importance.
- (b) Historical Development of International Organization from Congress of Vienna to League of Nations
- (c) Classification of International Organizations.

**Unit II: World Wars and International Organization**

- (a) League of Nations: Emergence, Structure and Functions, Achievements and Causes of failure
- (b) Making of the UN: From Atlantic Charter to San Francisco Conference 1945
- (c) Principal Organs of the UN: General Assembly and Security Council: Composition and Functions

**Unit III: Principal Organs and Agencies of the UN**

- (a) Economic and Social Council: Constitution and Functions
- (b) ICJ: Composition and Jurisdiction
- (c) Secretariat and Secretary General: Functions and Role
- (d) Agencies: UNESCO, UNICEF, ILO

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Roy L. Bennett : *International Organisations: Principal and Issues*
2. Evan Luard : *International Agencies*
3. Evan Luard: *The UN: How it Works and What it is?*
4. H.G. Nicholas : *The UN as a Political Institution*
5. Thomas D. Zweifel; *International Organisations and Democracy.*
6. Giuseppe Schiavone; *International Organizations A dictionary and directory*



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**PLB – 558: INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN RIGHTS**

**(04 Credits)**

**Objectives:**

The papers consist of three units. The main objective of this paper is to acquaint students with Evolution of Human Rights in India and explain the Historical & Philosophical foundations of Human Rights in India. This paper also aims to introduce to students Human Rights and the Indian State under this students will be familiarised with fundamental Rights, Directive principles of state policy and its relations with Human Rights. Further this paper deals with composition. Powers functions of different commission established for the protection of Human Rights especially scheduled castes Scheduled Tribes & Minorities.

**UNIT I: INTRODUCTION**

- (a) Understanding the Concept of Human rights and Duties
- (b) Nature and Scope of Human Rights
- (c) Theories of Rights: Natural Rights Theory, Positive Theory of Rights, and Marxist Theory

**UNIT II: NON-WESTERN PERSPECTIVES ON HUMAN RIGHTS**

- (a) Western VS Non Western Perspectives on Human Rights
- (b) Indian Human Rights Traditions (Hindu-Buddhist )
- (c) Islam and Human Rights

**UNIT III: INTERNATIONAL BILL OF HUMAN RIGHTS**

- (a) The UN Charter and Human Rights
- (b) Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- (c) ICCPR: Provisions, Implementation Mechanism
- (d) ICESCR: Provisions, Implementation Mechanism

**Basic Readings:**

1. Vijapur, Abdulrahim, *Human Rights in International Relations*, Manak, 2010
2. South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre (ed.), *Introducing Human Rights*, Oxford, 2006
3. Donnelly, Jack, *Universal Human Rights: Theory and Practice*, Manas, 2005
4. Smith, Rhona K.M., *International Human Rights*, Oxford (latest edition)
5. Kumar, C.R. and K. Chockalingam (ed.), *Human Rights, Justice and Constitutional Empowerment*, Oxford, 2007

**Further Suggested:**

1. Smith, Rhona and C. Anker, *Human Rights*, Hodder Arnold, 2005
2. Lewis, J.R. and C.S. Skutsch (Ed.), *The Human Rights Encyclopedia*, M.E. Sharpe, 2001
3. United Nations (ed.), *Human Rights: A Compilation of International Instruments*, 2 Vols., Bookwell, 2002
4. Saksena, K.P. (ed.), *Human Rights and the Constitution: Vision and the Reality*, Gyan, 2003
5. Massey, J., *Minorities in A Democracy: The Indian Experience*, Manohar, 1991
6. Nickel, J.W., *Making Sense of Human Rights*, Blackwell, 2007
7. Filip spagnoli, *Making Human Rights Real*, Algora, 2007.
8. Jack Mahoney, *The Challenge of Human Rights*, Blackwell, 2007.
9. Abdulrahim P. Vijapur, "Protection of Human Rights in India: An Institutions Framework", *Indian Journal of Politics*, Vol. 38, No. 1, 2004.
10. Vijapur, A.P., *Human Rights in International Relations*, New Delhi, 2010.

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*Compulsory*  
**(04 Credits)**

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**PLB – 651: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: ISSUES AND PRACTICES**

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**Objectives:**

**The course aims to provide the analytical understanding of Contemporary Issues in the Post-Cold War International System.**

**Unit I: International Relations: Trends**

World Order: Bi-Polarity, Uni-Polarity & Multi-Polarity  
International Political Economy: Concept  
State Sovereignty: Issue of Intervention

**Unit II: Major Issues in Global Politics**

Politics of Nuclear Weapons- Issues of Non-Proliferation  
Terrorism: Meaning, Nature & Fight against Terrorism  
Environmental Politics: Issues & Concerns

**Unit III: Regional and International Organisation**

United Nations: Objectives & Principles; Achievements & Failures  
IMF & BRICS: Functions & Role  
NATO: Functions & Role

**Suggested Readings:**

1. John Baylis and Steve Smith, *The Globalisation of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations (Latest edition)*
2. Robert Jackson and George Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations*
3. Karl W. Deutsch, *The Analysis of International Relations*
4. Hans J. Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nations*
5. John Spanier, *Games Nations Play*
6. Joshua S. Goldstein, *International Relations*
7. Paul R. Viotti and Mark V. Kauppi, *International Relations and World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*
8. Keith L. Shimko, *International Relations: Perspectives and Controversies*

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*Compulsory*

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**PLB – 652: MAJOR CONCEPTS AND THEORY BUILDING IN POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This paper aims to study DIFFERENT Concepts of Modern Political Theory for the analytical study of different political systems to acquire comprehensive knowledge in theory building**

**UNIT I:**

Political System: Meaning, Characteristics and Functions  
Democratic and Totalitarian Political Systems: Meaning and Characteristics  
Capabilities and Performance of Political System-Extractive, Regulative, Distributive, Symbolic and Responsive Capabilities

**UNIT II:**

Political Modernisation-Meaning, Characteristics and Agents  
Political Socialisation: Meaning, Nature and Agents  
Political Culture: Meaning, Objects, Components and Dimensions

**UNIT III:**

Political Development-Meaning, Characteristics and Agents  
Concept of Power, Definition, Kinds and Manifestations  
Determinants of Political Behaviour

**Suggested Readings:**

1. S.P. Verma, *Modern Political Theory*
2. Almond and Powell, *Comparative Politics*
3. H. Eckstein and D. Apter ed., *Comparative Politics – A Reader Comparative Study of Politics*
4. D.F. Roth and F. Wilson, *Political Science : The Discipline and Its Dimensions*
5. Grazia, *Political Behaviour*
6. Wasby, *Political Science, The Discipline and Its Dimensions*

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*Optional*

**PLB – 653: ISSUES IN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION (with special reference to India) (04 Credits)**

**Objective:**

**The syllabus of Public Administration introduces the basic contours of Public Administration. It attempts to make the students aware with important issues of Public Administration particularly in Indian context.**

**UNIT- I: Personnel Administration**

The Evolution of Public Human Capital Management; The Civil Service System: The Meaning of Merit; Recruitment of Civil Servants: Principles and Methods; Training of Civil Servants: Types and Objective; Promotion: Meaning, Principles, Career Advancement, Position Classification.

**UNIT- II: Control over Administration and Administrative Law**

Concepts of accountability and control; Parliamentary control over administration: Means of Parliamentary Control in India.

Judicial control over administration: Means of Judicial Control and Legal Remedies under Rule of Law

Administrative Law: meaning, nature, scope and significance; Dicey on Administrative law; Administrative Tribunals.

**UNIT- III: Significant issues in Indian Administration**

Bureaucracy: Meaning, Characteristics, Generalist vs. Specialist

Corruption: Comprehending Corruption, Causes of Corruption; Institutional mechanism to curb corruption in India; Role of Central Vigilance Commission (CVC);

Ombudsman: Need and History in Sweden and India; the Controversy regarding Lokpal in India

**Suggested Readings:**

1. M. Bhattacharya, *New Horizons of Public Administration*
2. Chakrabarty and Chand, *Public Administration in Globalizing World*
3. Henry Nicholas, *Public Administration and Public Affairs*
4. Avasthi and Maheshwari, *Public Administration*
5. C.P. Bhambri, *Public Administration in India*
6. S.R. Maheshwari, *Indian Administration*
7. Denhardt and Denhardt, *Public Administration*
8. Shafritz and Hyde, *Classics of Public Administration*
9. M.P. Sharma, *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*
10. Raadschelders Jose C. N., *Public Administration: The Interdisciplinary Study of Government*
11. Second ARC Reports, DAR&PG, Govt. of India
12. L.D. White, *Introduction to the Study of Public Administration*
13. F.W. Willouby by, *Principles of Public Administration*
14. Nigro and Nigro, *Modern Public Administration*
15. Prasad and Prasad (eds.), *Administrative Thinkers*

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*Optional*

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**PLB – 654: FREEDOM STRUGGLE AND CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS IN INDIA 1920-1947**

**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**The focus of this syllabus is to study the most vibrant phase of our national movement from 1930s onwards. This period also involves some significant constitutional solutions from British Colonial administration in the backdrop of communal upsurge and painful partition of the sub-continent.**

**Unit I: The Gathering Storm and Communal Rift in Nationalist Movement**

The Years of Stagnation: The Swarajists, No-Changers and Gandhian Response  
Delhi Proposals  
The Nehru Report  
Jinnah's Fourteen Points

**Unit II: New Constitutional Developments and Nationalist Response**

Simon Commission Report,  
The Civil Disobedience Movement (The Salt Satyagraha)  
Gandhi – Irwin Pact, 1931, Round Table Conferences: The Indian response  
The Government of India Act, 1935: Main Features and Critical Evaluation

**Unit III: Freedom with Partition**

Lahore Resolution: Demand for Pakistan, Cripps Proposals  
The Quit India Movement – Impact  
The Cabinet Mission Plan  
The Mountbatten or the Partition Plan. India Independence Act, 1947, Formation of Constituent Assembly of India.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Tara Chand, History of Freedom Movement
2. A.C. Banerji, Constitutional History of India
3. Bipan Chandra, India's Struggle for Independence (Latest Edition)
4. Dominique Lapierre and Larry Collins, Freedom at Midnight
5. R.C. Pradhan, Raj to Swaraj – A Text book on Colonialism and Nationalism in India, MacMillan, 2011
6. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India (Latest Edition)
7. C.H. Philips and M.D. Wainright, The Partition of India. London, 1970
8. Francis Hutchins, Spontaneous Revolution: The Quit India Movement, New Delhi, 1971
9. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India (1885-1947) Delhi, 1983
10. Collins and Lapierre, Mountbatten and the Partition of India, Sahibabad, 1983
11. A.K. Gupta (edited), Myth and Reality Struggle for Freedom in India, 1945-47
12. K.K. Ghosh, The Indian National Army, Meerut, 1969
13. Sekhara Bandyopadhyaya, From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, Orient Blackswan, 2004
14. Stanley Wolpert, Jinnah of Pakistan, New York, 1984
15. R. Coupland, Indian Politics, 1936-1942, Madras, 1944

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*Optional*

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**PLB – 655: FOREIGN POLICIES OF CHINA, JAPAN & INDIA**

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**(04 Credits)**

**Objectives:**

**The course aims to provide an analytical understanding of Foreign Policy. It deals with the Foreign Policies of three major powers in Asia with their significant global presence. The foreign policies of these three countries toward major global issues significantly influence the international relations / politics and therefore, this paper is quite relevant for providing a perspicacious understanding of the international relations/politics as well.**

**UNIT I: FOREIGN POLICY OF CHINA**

Salient Features of Foreign Policy of Peoples Republic of China (PRC)  
 Foreign Policy of China toward: United Nations, Human Rights; Globalisation  
 China's Relations with USA, India

**UNIT II: FOREIGN POLICY OF JAPAN**

Salient Features of Foreign Policy of Japan  
 Foreign Policy of Japan toward: United Nations, Disarmament, World Trade  
 Japan's Relations with USA, China

**UNIT III: FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA**

Salient Features of India's Foreign Policy  
 India's approach to Major Global Issues: Environment; Restructuring of the United Nations; Nuclear Issue, Terrorism  
 India's Relations with USA, Pakistan

**Suggested Readings:**

1. F.S. Northedge (ed.), *Foreign Policies of the Powers*
2. R.A. Scalapino (ed.), *Foreign Policy of Modern Japan*
3. L.A. Ziring (ed.), *Foreign Policy of Japan*
4. V.P. Dutt, *India's Foreign Policy*
5. Prem Arora, *Foreign Policies of the Major Powers*, (latest edition)
6. Michael H. Hunt, *The Genesis of Chinese Communist Foreign Policy*, Columbia University Press.
7. Stuart Harris, *China's Foreign Policy*, Polity, 2014
8. Inoguchi Takashi & Purnendra Jain (eds), *Japanese Foreign policy Today: A Reader*, Palgrave, New York, 2000
9. N. Jayapalan, *Foreign Policy of India*, Atlantic publishers, New Delhi, 2001
10. Anjali Ghosh, Tridip Chakraborti, A.J. Majumdar, Shibashish Chatterjee(eds.), *India's Foreign Policy*, Pearson, Delhi, 2009

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*Optional*

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**PLB – 656: WAR AND INTERNATIONAL LAW**

**(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**The course introduces students to international law relating to settlement of international disputes and regulation of war. It also provides students with a thorough knowledge of and insight into the enforcement of international law through international tribunals and courts.**

**UNIT I: SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES AND WAR**

Settlement of International Disputes: Peaceful and Coercive Methods  
 Intervention: Meaning and Justification of Intervention  
 War: Definition, Commencement and its Effects

**UNIT II: REGULATION OF WAR**

International Law and the Use of Force – Prohibition and Right of Self-Defence  
 Belligerent Occupation: Rights and Duties of the Occupying Power  
 Prisoners of War and their treatment under the Geneva Conventions

**UNIT III: ENFORCEMENT**

Nuremberg Tribunal: Establishment, Jurisdiction and General Principles  
 International Court of Justice: Composition and Functions  
 International Criminal Court: Composition and Jurisdiction

**Suggested Readings:**

1. [Thomas Buergenthal; Sean D. Murphy](#), *Public International Law in a Nutshell* (West Group; 4th edition 2006).
2. Malcolm Nathan Shaw, *International Law* (Cambridge University Press, 6<sup>th</sup> edition 2008).
3. David Harris, *Cases and Materials on International Law* (Sweet & Maxwell; 7th edition 2010).
4. Malcolm Evans, *International Law* (Oxford University Press; 2010).
5. [Peter Malanczuk](#), [Michael Barton Akehurst](#), *Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law* (Routledge, 7th edition, 1997).
6. S. K. Verma, *An Introduction to Public International Law* (PHI, 1998)

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*Optional*

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**PLB – 657: UN AND GLOBAL ISSUES** **(04 Credits)**

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**Objectives:**

**This syllabus makes the students understand the enhanced functions of UN i.e. peacekeeping, socio-economic well being and environment etc. The last part focuses upon role of India and UN with various dimensions and issues.**

**Unit I: UN and Security Affairs**

- (a) Role of General Assembly and Security Council in Maintaining World Peace
- (b) Concept of Collective Security: Models of Korea 1950 and Iraq Kuwait Crisis 1991
- (c) UN Peacekeeping Role around the World: Afghanistan (Post Taliban) and Iraq (Post Saddam regime)

**Unit II: UN and World Problems**

- (a) UN and Racial Discrimination (Apartheid)
- (b) UN and Disarmament
- (c) UN and Socio Economic Well being – NIEO, North South-South South Cooperation
- (d) UN and Environment: Sustainable development

**Unit III: The UN and India and Regional Organizations**

- (a) India's membership and decolonization process through the UN
- (b) India's Role in Peace Keeping: Suez, Canal Crises Korean Crises and in General
- (c) India Quest for membership in Security Council and UN Reform
- (d) Significance of Regional Organization OAU, OAS, OIC

**Suggested Readings:**

10. U.C. Mandal; *United Nations and World Peace*
11. Courtney B. Smith; *Politics and Process at the United Nations: The Global Dance*
12. Moore and Pubantz; *The New United Nations: International Organisation in the Twenty-First Century*
13. Jean E. Krasns; *The United Nations: Confronting the Challenges of a Global Society.*
14. S.J.R. Bilgrami; *International Organisation: A view from within*
15. Rumki Basu; *The United Nations: Structure and Functions of an International Organisation*
16. United Nations; *Basic Facts: About the United Nations*
17. Mukesh Kumar Kayathwal; *The United Nations: retrospect and Prospects*
18. Sujatha Ramcharit; *United Nations and World Politics*



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*Optional*

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**PLB – 658: HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIAN PERSPECTIVE**

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**(04 credit)**

**Objectives:**

The paper consist of three units. The main objective of this paper is to acquaint students with Evolution of Human Rights in India and explain the Historical & Philosophical foundations of Human Rights in India. This paper also aims to introduce to students Human Rights and the Indian State under this students will be familiarised with fundamental Rights, Directive principles of state policy and its relations with Human Rights. Further this paper deals with composition. Powers functions of different commission established for the protection of Human Rights especially scheduled castes Scheduled Tribes & Minorities.

**UNIT I: HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIAN CONSTITUTION**

- (a) Right to life and Personal Liberty under Article 21 in India
- (b) Freedom of Religion in India
- (c) Role of Judiciary as the custodian of Fundamental Rights

**UNIT II: GROUP RIGHTS IN INDIA**

- (a) Issue of Communal Violence in India
- (b) Issue of Gender Discrimination in India
- (c) Problem and issues of Child in India ( Child Labour and Child Abuse)

**UNIT V: HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSIONS**

- (a) NHRC: Composition, Powers, Functions and Role
- (b) NCM: Composition, Powers, Functions and Role
- (c) NCW: Composition, Powers, Functions and Role

**Basic Readings:**

1. Vijapur, Abdulrahim, *Human Rights in International Relations*, Manak, 2010
2. South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre (ed.), *Introducing Human Rights*, Oxford, 2006
3. Donnelly, Jack, *Universal Human Rights: Theory and Practice*, Manas, 2005
4. Smith, Rhona K.M., *International Human Rights*, Oxford (latest edition)
5. Kumar, C.R. and K. Chockalingam (ed.), *Human Rights, Justice and Constitutional Empowerment*, Oxford, 2007

**Further Suggested:**

1. Smith, Rhona and C. Anker, *Human Rights*, Hodder Arnold, 2005
2. Lewis, J.R. and C.S. Skutsch (Ed.), *The Human Rights Encyclopedia*, M.E. Sharpe, 2001
3. United Nations (ed.), *Human Rights: A Compilation of International Instruments*, 2 Vols., Bookwell, 2002
4. Saksena, K.P. (ed.), *Human Rights and the Constitution: Vision and the Reality*, Gyan, 2003
5. Massey, J., *Minorities in A Democracy: The Indian Experience*, Manohar, 1991
6. Nickel, J.W., *Making Sense of Human Rights*, Blackwell, 2007
7. Filip spagnoli, *Making Human Rights Real*, Algora, 2007.
8. Jack Mahoney, *The Challenge of Human Rights*, Blackwell, 2007.
9. Abdulrahim P. Vijapur, "Protection of Human Rights in India: An Institutions Framework", *Indian Journal of Politics*, Vol. 38, No. 1, 2004.