Syllabus for BDS IInd Prof. Subject- General Pathology Course title – Gen Pathology Part A Course no. BDS-209

General Pathology

Introduction to Pathology & Cell Structure & Function Cell injury,

Pigmentation Calcification and abnormal accumulation,

Necrosis, Gangrene & Apoptosis,

Acute Inflammation, Chronic Inflammation Granulomas (TB Syphilis and Leprosy) Healing and repair & Regeneration,

Hyperaemic, congestion Oedema thrombosis, Embolism infarction and shock,

Reckets and scurvy & Osteomalacia,

Amyloidosis, Immunopathology (Immunity & Hypersensivity reaction) AIDS,

Haemoglobin, Leukopoesis and ErythrombopoeisisAnaemia

- Iron def. Anaemia

-Megaloblastic anaemia

- Haemolytic anaemia,

Peripheral blood picture, Leukaemia and Leukamoid Reaction Diseases of Spleen,

Blood grouping & Transfusion,

Lymphoma Hypertension & Diabetes Mellitus,

Neoplasia (General)

Premalignant conditions, Leukoplakia and Dysplasia. Oral Cancers,

Tumor of Salivary Glands,

Tumors of bone and jaw & tumors of enamel organ,

Inflammatory conditions of oral cavity,

Adamantinoma Dentigerous cyst,

Giant Cell Epulis & Odontogenic tumor,

Jaundice viral hepatitis & cirrhosis

Nephrotics syndrome & chronic pyelonephirtis

Model Question Paper for BDS IInd Professional Examination General Pathology & Microbiology General Pathology (Part A) Course No. BDS (209)

Max Marks 35 Duration: 1.30 Hr

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lote An	swer all Questions.	
l.	Write appropriate answers for questions	(10)
	 Most common opt arising from dental term is (a) Radicular cyst (b) Dentigerous cyst (c) Eruption cyst (d) Gingival cyst 	(2)
	2. Most common type of salivary gland tumor is:- (a) Mucoepidermoid carcinoma (b) Adenoid cystic carcinoma (c) Pleomorphic Adenoma (d) Warthins Tumor	(2)
	3. Universal receipient Blood group is: (a) A (b) B (c) O (d) AB	(2)
	4. Ameloblastoma is a (a) Premalignant condition (b) Malignant tumor (c) Bengin Tumor (d) None of the above	(2)
	5. Megaloblast is found in(a) Bone Marrow(b) Peripheral Blood(c) Both(d) None	(2)
II.	 Write short notes on :- a) Type I Hypersensitivity reaction b) Classification of Hemolytic anemias c) Differences Between type I & Type II diabetes mellitus d) Air Embolism e) Differences between Leukemia & Leukemoid reaction 	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
III.	Define Necrosis. Describe its various types.	(10)